# ACADEMIC REGULATIONS, COURSE STRUCTURE

## and

# **DETAILED SYLLABUS**

## **R22**

# B.Tech – Computer Science & Engg (IOT)

B.Tech - Regular Four Year Degree Programme (For batches admitted from the academic year 2022 - 2023)



Holy Mary Institute of Technology & Science Bogaram (V), Keesara (M), Medchal (Dist) - 501 301

## FOREWORD

The autonomy is conferred on Holy Mary Institute of Technology & Science by UGC, based on its performance as well as future commitment and competency to impart quality education. It is a mark of its ability to function independently in accordance with the set norms of the monitoring bodies like UGC and AICTE. It reflects the confidence of the UGC in the autonomous institution to uphold and maintain standards it expects to deliver on its own behalf and thus awards degrees on behalf of the college. Thus, an autonomous institution is given the freedom to have its own **curriculum, examination system and monitoring mechanism**, independent of the affiliating University but under its observance.

Holy Mary Institute of Technology & Science is proud to win the credence of all the above bodies monitoring the quality in education and has gladly accepted the responsibility of sustaining, if not improving upon the standards and ethics for which it has been striving for more than a two decades in reaching its present standing in the arena of contemporary technical education. As a follow up, statutory bodies like Academic Council and Boards of Studies are constituted with the guidance of the Governing Body of the College and recommendations of the JNTU Hyderabad to frame the regulations, course structure and syllabi under autonomous status.

The autonomous regulations, course structure and syllabi have been prepared after prolonged and detailed interaction with several expertise solicited from academics, industry and research, in accordance with the vision and mission of the college in order to produce quality engineering graduates to the society.

All the faculty, parents and students are requested to go through all the rules and regulations carefully. Any clarifications, if needed, are to be sought, at appropriate time with principal of the college, without presumptions, to avoid unwanted subsequent inconveniences and embarrassments. The Cooperation of all the stake holders is sought for the successful implementation of the autonomous system in the larger interests of the college and brighter prospects of engineering graduates.

## PRINCIPAL

# **ACADEMIC REGULATIONS**

## B. Tech. - Regular Four Year Degree Programme (For batches admitted from the academic year 2022-23)

## **B. Tech. - Lateral Entry Scheme** (For batches admitted from the academic year 2023-24)

# For pursuing four year <u>Under G</u>raduate Degree <u>P</u>rogramme of study in Engineering & Technology (UGP in E&T) offered by Holy Mary Institute of Technology & Science under Autonomous status is herein referred to as HITS (Autonomous):

All the rules specified herein approved by the Academic Council will be in force and applicable to students admitted from the Academic Year 2022-23 onwards. Any reference to "Institute" or "College" in these rules and regulations shall stand for Holy Mary Institute of Technology & Science (Autonomous).

All the rules and regulations, specified hereafter shall be read as a whole for the purpose of interpretation as and when a doubt arises, the interpretation of the Chairman, Academic Council is final. As per the requirements of statutory bodies, the Principal, Holy Mary Institute of Technology & Science shall be the chairman Academic Council.

## 1. ADMISSION

## 1.1. Admission into first year of four year B. Tech. degree programmes of study in Engineering

## 1.1.1. Eligibility:

A candidate seeking admission into the first year of four year B. Tech. degree Programmes should have:

- (i) Passed either Intermediate Public Examination (I.P.E) conducted by the Board of Intermediate Education, Telangana, with Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry as optional subjects or any equivalent examination recognized by Board of Intermediate Education, Telangana or a Diploma in Engineering in the relevant branch conducted by the Board of Technical Education, Telangana or equivalent Diploma recognized by Board of Technical Education for admission as per guidelines defined by the Regulatory bodies of Telangana State Council for Higher Education (TSCHE) and AICTE.
- (ii) Secured a rank in the EAMCET examination conducted by TSCHE for allotment of a seat by the Convener, EAMCET, for admission.

## **1.1.2.** Admission Procedure:

Admissions are made into the first year of four year B. Tech. Degree Programmes as per the stipulations of the TSCHE.

- (a) Category 'A' seats are filled by the Convener, TSEAMCET.
- (b) Category 'B' seats are filled by the Management.

## 1.2 Admission into the second year of four year B. Tech. degree Program in Engineering1.2.1 Eligibility:

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A candidate seeking admission under lateral entry into the II year I Semester B. Tech. degree Programmes should have passed the qualifying exam (B.Sc. Mathematics or Diploma in concerned course) and based on the rank secured by the candidate at Engineering Common Entrance Test ECET (FDH) in accordance with the instructions received from the Convener, ECET and Government of Telangana.

## **1.2.2** Admission Procedure:

Admissions are made into the II year of four year B. Tech. degree Programmes through Convener, ECET (FDH) against the sanctioned strength in each Programmes of study as lateral entry students.

## 2. **PROGRAMMES OFFERED**

Holy Mary Institute of Technology & Science, an autonomous college affiliated to JNTUH, offers the following B.Tech Programmes of study leading to the award of B. Tech degree under the autonomous scheme.

- 1) B.Tech Civil Engineering
- 2) B.Tech Computer Science and Engineering
- B.Tech Computer Science and Engineering (Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning)
- 4) B.Tech Computer Science and Engineering (Data Science)
- 5) B.Tech Computer Science and Engineering (IoT)
- 6) B.Tech Electronics and Communication Engineering
- 7) B.Tech Electrical & Electronics Engineering
- 8) B.Tech Mechanical Engineering
- 9) B.Tech Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Data Science

The medium of instructions for the entire under graduate programme in Engineering & Technology will be **English** only.

## **3. DURATION OF THE PROGRAMMES**

## 3.1 Normal Duration

- **3.1.1** B. Tech. degree programme extends over a period of four academic years leading to the Degree of Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.) of the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad.
- **3.1.2** For students admitted under lateral entry scheme, B. Tech. degree programme extends over a period of three academic years leading to the Degree of Bachelor of Technology (B. Tech.) of the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad.

## 3.2 Maximum Duration

- **3.2.1** The maximum period within which a student must complete a full-time academic programme is 8 years for B. Tech. If a student fails to complete the academic programme within the maximum duration as specified above, he shall forfeit the seat in B.Tech and his admission shall stand cancelled.
- **3.2.2** For students admitted under lateral entry scheme in B. Tech. degree programme, the maximum period within which a student must complete a full-time academic programme is 6 years. If a student fails to complete the academic programme within the maximum duration as specified above, he shall forfeit the seat in B.Tech and his admission shall stand cancelled.
- **3.2.3** The period is reckoned from the academic year in which the student is admitted first time into the degree Programme.

## 4. AWARD OF B.Tech DEGREE

A student will be declared eligible for the award of the B.Tech degree if he/she fulfils the following academic regulations:

- 4.1 The candidate shall pursue a course of study as specified in section 3.1 and 3.2.
- **4.2** The candidate shall register for **160** credits and secure **160** credits (Excluding Mandatory Courses).

## 5. **PROGRAMME STRUCTURE**

**5.1** UGC/AICTE specified Definitions/ Descriptions are adopted appropriately for various terms and abbreviations used in these Academic Regulations/ Norms, which are listed below.

## **Semester Scheme:**

Each UGP is of 4 Academic Years (8 Semesters), each year divided into two Semesters of 22 weeks ( $\geq$ 90 working days), each Semester having - 'Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)' and 'Semester End Examination (SEE)'under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) as denoted by UGC, and Curriculum/Course Structure as suggested by AICTE are followed.

- 5.1.1 The B.Tech. Programme of Holy Mary Institute of Technology & Science is Semester pattern, with 8 Semesters constituting 4 Academic Years, each Academic Year having TWO Semesters (First/Odd and Second/Even Semesters). Each Semester shall be of 16-18 Weeks duration with a minimum of 90 Instructional Days per Semester.
- 5.1.2 Credit Courses:

a) All Courses are to be registered by a student in a Semester to earn Credits. Credits shall be assigned to each Subject/ Course in a L: T: P: C (Lecture Periods: Tutorial Periods: Practical Periods : Credits) Structure, based on the following general pattern.

- One Credit for One hour / Week / Semester for Theory / Lecture(L) / Tutorial)T) Courses: and
- One Credit for Two hours/Week/Semester for Laboratory/Practical (P) Courses, Mini Project...
- Mandatory Courses Credits shall not be counted for credit requirements for award of degree. However all the mandatory courses have to be passed by the student.

#### 5.1.3 **Course Classification:**

All Courses offered for the UGP are broadly classified as:

- Basic Science Courses (BSC): Includes Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Biology etc.
- **Engineering Science Courses (ESC):** -Courses include Materials, Workshop, Basics of Electrical/Electronics/ Mechanical/Computer Science & Engineering, Engineering Graphics, Instrumentation, Engineering Mechanics, Instrumentation etc.
- Humanities and Social Science including Management Courses (HSMC): Courses include English, Communication skills, Management etc.
- Professional Core Courses (PCC): Relevant to the chosen specialization/branch.
- Professional Elective Courses (PEC): Relevant to the chosen specialization/ branch offered as electives.
- Open Elective Courses (OEC): Other technical and/or emerging subject areas offered in the College by the Departments of Engineering, Science and Humanities.
- Mandatory Course: Course work on peripheral subjects in a programme, wherein familiarity considered mandatory. To be included as non-Credit, Mandatory Courses, with only a pass in each required to qualify for the award of degree from the concerned institution.
- **Project Work:** and/or internship in industry or elsewhere, seminar.
- **MOOCS** Massive Open Online Courses in a variety of disciplines available at both introductory and advanced levels, accessible from e-resources in India and abroad.

#### Degree Programme) is as listed below. **Broad Course** S. **Course Group**/ Credits **Course Description** Classification No Category **BSC** – Basic Sciences Includes - Mathematics, Physics 1) 25 and Chemistry Subjects Courses Foundation ESC - Engineering Includes fundamental engineering 2) 24 Courses Sciences Courses subjects. (FnC) HSMC – Humanities Includes subjects related to Humanities. Social Sciences and 3) and Social Sciences 12 including Management Management. Includes core subjects related to Core Courses PCC – Professional the Parent Discipline/ Department/ 4) 57 Core Courses (CoC)Branch of Engg. Includes Elective subjects related Elective PEC–Professional 5) the Parent Discipline Courses to 18 Elective Courses Department / Branch of Engg. (ElC)

#### 5.1.4 **Course Nomenclature:**

The Curriculum Nomenclature or Course-Structure Grouping for the each of the UGP E&T (B.Tech

6)		OEC – Open Elective Courses	Elective subjects which include inter-disciplinary subjects or subjects in an area outside the Parent Discipline/ Department / Branch of Engg.	09			
7)		Project Work	Major Project.				
8)	Core Courses	Industrial Training/ Core CoursesIndustrial Training/ Mini- ProjectIndustrial Training/ Mini-Project.					
9)		Seminar	Seminar / Colloquium based on core contents related to Parent Discipline/ Department/ Branch of Engg.	15			
10)	Mandatory Courses (MC)	-	Mandatory Courses (non-credit)				
Total Credits for UCP (B. Tech)Programme							

• Minor variations as per AICTE / UGC guidelines

## 6. COURSE REGISTRATION

- 6.1 A 'Faculty Advisor or Counselor' shall be assigned to each student, who advises him/her about the UGP, its Course Structure and Curriculum, Choice/Option for Subjects/Courses, based on his/her competence, progress, pre-requisites and interest.
- 6.2 Academic Section of the College invites 'Registration Forms' from students prior (before the beginning of the Semester), ensuring 'DATE and TIME Stamping'. The Registration Requests for any 'CURRENT SEMESTER' shall be completed BEFORE the commencement of SEEs (Semester End Examinations) of the 'PRECEDING SEMESTER'.
- 6.3 A Student can apply for Registration, which includes approval from his faculty advisor, and then should be submitted to the College Academic Section through the Head of Department (a copy of the same being retained with Head of Department, Faculty Advisor and the Student).
- 6.4 A student may be permitted to register for his/her course of CHOICE with a Total of prescribed credits per Semester (permitted deviation being±12%), based on his PROGRESS and SGPA/CGPA, and completion of the 'PRE-REQUISITES' as indicated for various courses in the Department Course Structure and Syllabus contents.
- 6.5 Choice for 'additional Courses' must be clearly indicated, which needs the specific approval and signature of the Faculty Advisor/Counselor.
- 6.6 If the Student submits ambiguous choices or multiple options or erroneous (incorrect) entries during Registration for the Course(s) under a given/specified Course Group/ Category as listed in the Course Structure, only the first mentioned Course in that Category will be taken into consideration.
- 6.7 Dropping of Courses or changing of options may be permitted, ONLY AFTER obtaining prior approval from the Faculty Advisor, 'within 15 Days of Time' from the commencement of that Semester. Course Options exercised through Registration are final and CAN NOT be changed, and CAN NOT be inter-changed; further, alternate choices will also not be considered. However, if the Course that has already been listed for Registration (by the Head of Department) in a Semester could not be offered due to any unforeseen or unexpected reasons, then the Student shall be allowed to have alternate choice - either for a new Subject (subject to offering of such a Subject), or for another existing Subject (subject to availability of seats), which may be considered. Such alternate arrangements will be made by Head of the Department, with due notification and time-framed schedule, within the FIRST WEEK from the commencement of Class-work for that Semester.

## 7. COURSES TO BE OFFERED

- 7.1 A typical section (or class) strength for each semester shall be 60.
- 7.2 Courses may be offered to the Students, only if minimum of 20 students  $(1/3^{rd})$  of the section strength) opt for it.

- 7.3 More than ONE TEACHER may offer the SAME SUBJECT (Lab/Practical's may be included with the corresponding Theory Subject in the same Semester) in any Semester. However, selection choice for students will be based on 'CGPA Basis Criterion' (i.e., the first focus shall be on early Registration in that Semester, and the second focus, if needed, will be on CGPA of the student).
- 7.4 If more entries for Registration of a Subject come into picture, then the concerned Head of the Department shall take necessary decision, whether to offer such a Subject/Course for TWO (or multiple) SECTIONS or NOT.
- 7.5 OPEN ELECTIVES will be offered by a department to the students of other departments.

## 8. ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS

- **a.** A student will be eligible to appear for the End Semester Examinations, if he acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the Subjects/Courses (excluding Mandatory or Non-Credit Courses) for that Semester.
- **b.** Condoning of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above, and below 75%) in each Semester may be granted by the College Academic Committee on genuine and valid grounds, based on the student's representation with supporting evidence by following the govt. rules in vogue.
- **c.** A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condoning of shortage of attendance.
- d. Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in No case be condoned.
- **e.** A student shall not be promoted to the next Semester unless he/she satisfies the attendance requirements of the current Semester. The student may seek readmission for the Semester when offered next. He / She shall not be allowed to register for the subjects of the Semester while he/she is in detention. A student detained due to shortage of attendance, will have to repeat that Semester when offered next. The academic regulations under which the student has been readmitted shall be applicable.
- **f.** Students whose attendance is less than 75% are not entitled to get the scholarship / fee reimbursement in any case as per the TS Govt. Rules in force.

## 9. ACADEMIC REQUIREMENTS FOR PROMOTION / COMPLETION OF REGULAR B.TECH PROGRAMME COURSE STUDY.

- 9.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course, if student secures not less than 35% (14 marks out of 40 marks) in the internal examinations, not less than 35% (21 marks out of 60 marks) in the semester end examination, and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100 marks) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together; in terms of letter grades, this implies securing 'C' grade or above in that subject/ course.
- 9.2 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to Real-time Research Project (or) Field Based Research Project (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project (or) Internship (or) Seminar, if the student secures not less than 40% marks (i.e. 40 out of 100 allotted marks) in each of them. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Industry Oriented Mini Project/Internship, or (ii) not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in Real-time Research Project (or) Field Based Research Project (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project (or) Internship evaluations.
- 9.3 A Student will not be promoted from I Year to II Year, unless he/she fulfills the Attendance and Academic Requirements and secure a Total 50% of Credits up to I Year II Semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations.
- 9.4 A Student will not be promoted from II Year to III Year, unless he/she fulfills the Attendance and Academic Requirements and secure a Total 60% of Credits up to II Year II Semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations.
- 9.5 A Student will not be promoted from III Year to IV Year, unless he/she fulfills the attendance and Academic Requirements and secure a Total 60% of Credits up to III Year II Semester, from all the regular and supplementary examinations.
- 9.6 After securing the necessary 160 Credits as specified for the successful completion of the entire UGP, resulting in 160 Credits for UGP performance evaluation, i.e., the performance of the

Student in these 160 Credits shall alone be taken into account for the calculation of the final CGPA.

If a Student registers for some more 'extra courses' (in the parent Department or other Departments/Branches of Engg.) other than those listed courses Totaling to 160 Credits as specified in the Course Structure of his/her Department, the performances in those 'extra courses' (although evaluated and graded using the same procedure as that of the required 160 Credits) will not be taken into account while calculating the SGPA and CGPA. For such 'extra courses' registered, % marks and Letter Grade alone will be indicated in the Grade Card, as a performance measure, subject to completion of the Attendance and Academic Requirements as stated in items 8 and 9.1-9.5.

9.7 Students who fail to earn minimum of 160 Credits as per the Course Structure, and as indicated above, within 8 Academic Years from the Date of Commencement of their I Year shall forfeit their seats in B.Tech Programme and their admissions shall stand cancelled. There is NO exemption of credits in any case.

When a Student is detained due to shortage of attendance/lack of credits in any Semester, he may be re-admitted into that Semester, as and when offered. However the regulations at the time of admissions hold good.

## 10. EVALUATION - DISTRIBUTION AND WEIGHTAGE OF MARKS

- 10.1 The performance of a student in each Semester shall be evaluated Course-wise (irrespective of Credits assigned) with a maximum of 100 marks for Theory. The B.Tech Project Work (Major Project) will be evaluated for 100 marks in Phase-I and 100 Marks in Phase-II.
- 10.2 For all Theory Courses as mentioned above, the distribution shall be 40 marks for CIE, and 60 marks for the SEE.

## 10.3 **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

In CIE, for theory subjects, during a semester, there shall be two mid-term examinations. Mid-Term examination for 30 marks, consist of two parts.

- i) Part A for 10 marks,
  - Part A: Objective/quiz paper for 10 marks. (The objective/ quiz paper is set with multiple choice, fill-in the blanks and match the following type of questions for a total of 10 marks.)
- ii) Part B for 20 marks with a total duration of 2 hours as follows:
  - Part B : Descriptive paper for 20 marks (The descriptive paper shall contain 6 full questions out of which, the student has to answer 4 questions, each carrying 5 marks.)
- iii) The remaining 10 marks of Continuous Internal Evaluation are distributed as
  - a) Assignment for 5 marks (Average of 2 Assignments each for 5 marks)
  - b) Subject Viva-Voce/PPT/Poster Presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the concerned subject for 5 marks.
- 10.4 The first mid-term examination shall be conducted for the first 50% of the syllabus, and the second mid-term examination shall be conducted for the remaining 50% of the syllabus.
- 10.4.1 Five (5) marks are allocated for assignments (as specified by the subject teacher concerned). The first assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the first mid-term examination, and the second assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the second mid-term examination. The average of the two assignments shall be taken as the final marks for assignment (for 5 marks).
  - Subject Viva-Voce/PPT/Poster Presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the concerned subject for 5 marks before II Mid-Term examination.
- 10.4.2 The Student, in each subject, shall have to earn 35% of marks (i.e. 14 marks out of 40 marks) in CIE, 35% of marks (i.e. 21 marks out of 60) in SEE and Overall 40% of marks (i.e. 40 marks out of 100 marks) both CIE and SEE marks put together.

The student is eligible to write Semester End Examination of the concerned subject, if the student scores  $\geq$  35% (14 marks) of 40 Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) marks.

In case, the student appears for Semester End Examination (SEE) of the concerned Subject but not scored minimum 35% of CIE marks (14 marks out of 40 internal marks), his performance in that subject in SEE shall stand cancelled inspite of appearing the SEE.

## There is NO Computer Based Test (CBT) for R22 regulations.

## 10.5 **Practical Examination Evaluation:**

- 10.5.1 For practical subjects there shall be a Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) during the semester for 40 marks and 60 marks for semester end examination. Out of the 40 marks for internal evaluation:
  - 1. A write-up on day-to-day experiment in the laboratory (in terms of aim, components/procedure, expected outcome) which shall be evaluated for 10 marks.
  - 2. **10 marks for viva-voce** (or) tutorial (or) case study (or) application (or) poster Presentation of the course concerned.
  - 3. Internal practical examination conducted by the laboratory teacher concerned shall be evaluated for 10 marks.
  - 4. The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Project, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the cluster / other colleges which will be decided by the examination branch of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

- 1. 10 marks for write-up
- 2. 15 for experiment/program
- 3. 15 for evaluation of results
- 4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course
- 5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.
- 10.5.2 The Student, in each subject, shall have to earn **35% of marks** (i.e. 14 marks out of 40 marks) in CIE, **35% of marks** (i.e. 21 marks out of 60) in SEE and Overall 40% of marks (i.e. **40 marks out of 100 marks**) both CIE and SEE marks put together.

The student is eligible to write Semester End Examination of the concerned subject, if the student scores  $\ge 35\%$  (14 marks) of **40 Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) marks.** 

In case, the student appears for Semester End Examination (SEE) of the concerned Subject but not scored minimum **35% of CIE marks** (14 marks out of 40 internal marks), his performance in that subject in SEE shall stand cancelled inspite of appearing the SEE.

- 10.6 The evaluation of courses having ONLY internal marks in I-Year I Semester and II Year II Semester is as follows:
- 10.6.1 I Year I Semester course (ex., Elements of CE/ME/EEE/ECE/CSE): The internal evaluation is for 50 marks and it shall take place during I Mid-Term examination and II Mid-Term examination. The average marks of two Mid-Term examinations are the final for 50 marks. Student shall have to earn 40%, i.e 20 marks out of 50 marks from average of the two examinations. There shall be NO external evaluation. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) is absent as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in this course.
- 10.6.2 II Year II Semester Real-Time (or) Field-based Research Project course: The internal evaluation is for 50 marks and it shall take place during I Mid-Term examination and II Mid-Term examination. The average marks of two Mid-Term examinations are the final for 50 marks. Student shall have to earn 40%, i.e 20 marks out of 50 marks from average of the two examinations. There shall be NO external evaluation. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on the Project, or (ii) does not make a presentation of the same before the internal committee as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in this course.

- 10.7 **Open Elective Course:** The students have to choose three Open Electives (OE-I, II & III) from the list of Open Electives given by other departments. However, the student can opt for an Open Elective subject offered by his own (parent) department, if the student has not registered and not studied that subject under any category (Professional Core, Professional Electives, Mandatory Courses etc.) offered by parent department in any semester. Open Elective subjects already studied should not repeat/should not match with any category (Professional Core, Professional Electives, Mandatory Courses etc.) of subjects even in the forthcoming semesters.
- 10.8 **Professional Electives:** The students have to choose Five Professional Electives (PE-I to V/VI) from the list of professional electives given.
- 10.9 There shall be Industry training (or) Internship (or) Industry oriented Mini-project (or) Skill Development Courses (or) Paper presentation in reputed journal (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project in collaboration with an industry of their specialization. Students shall register for this immediately after II-Year II Semester Examinations and pursue it during summer vacation/semester break & during III Year without effecting regular course work. Internship at reputed organization (or) Skill development courses (or) Paper presentation in reputed journal (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project shall be submitted in a report form and presented before the committee in III-year II semester before end semester examination. It shall be evaluated for 100 external marks. The committee consists of an External Examiner, Head of the Department, Supervisor of the Industry Oriented Mini Project (or) Internship etc, Internal Supervisor and a Senior Faculty Member of the Department. There shall be NO internal marks for Industry Training (or) Internship (or) Mini-Project (or) Skill Development Courses (or) Paper Presentation in reputed journal (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project.

## 10.10

- a) UG project work shall be carried out in two stages: Project Stage I during IV Year I Semester, Project Stage – II during IV Year II Semester. Each stage will be evaluated for 100 marks. Student has to submit project work report at the end of each semester. First report includes project work carried out in IV Year I semester and second report includes project work carried out in IV Year I & II Semesters. SEE for both project stages shall be completed before the commencement of SEE Theory examinations.
- b) For Project Stage I, the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, project supervisor and a senior faculty member shall evaluate the project work and project supervisor shall evaluate for 100 marks. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Project Stage I or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in the total of the CIE.

A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if he fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

c) For Project Stage – II, the external examiner shall evaluate the project work for 60 marks and the project supervisor shall evaluate it for 40 marks. The topics for industrial oriented mini project and Project Stage – I shall be different from one another. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Project Stage - II, or does not make a presentation of the same before the external examiner as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in the sum total of the CIE and SEE taken together.

For conducting viva-voce of project stage - II, Chief Controller of Examinations selects an external examiner from the list of experts in the relevant branch submitted by the department HODs of the College.

A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

## 10.11 Semester End Examination:

- a) Question paper contains 2 Parts (Part-A and Part-B) having the questions distributed equally among all units.
- b) The distribution of marks for i) PART-A for 10 marks ii) PART-B for 50 marks. Pattern of the question paper is as follows:

## PART-A

Consists of one question which is compulsory. The question consists of ten sub-questions two from each unit and carries1 mark each.

## PART-B

Consists of 5 questions carrying 10 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub questions. Each question there will be an "either" "or" choice (that means there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer any one question).

- 10.12 For Mandatory Non-Credit Courses offered in a Semester, The internal evaluation is for 100 marks and it shall take place during I Mid-Term examination and II Mid-Term examination. The average marks of two Mid-Term examinations are the final for 100 marks and has secured not less than 40% marks in the CIE, then the student is **PASS** and will be qualified for the award of the degree. No marks or Letter Grade shall be allotted for these courses/activities. However, for non-credit courses '**Satisfactory**' or "**Unsatisfactory**' shall be indicated instead of the letter grade and this will not be counted for the computation of SGPA/CGPA.
- 10.13 A student shall be given only one time chance to re-register for a maximum of two Subjects in a semester:
  - If the internal marks secured by a student in the Continuous Internal Evaluation marks for 40 (Sum of average of two mid-term examinations consisting of Objective & descriptive parts, Average of two Assignments & Subject Vivavoce/PPT/ Poster presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the concerned subject) are less than 35% and failed in those subjects.
  - A student must re-register for the failed subject(s) for 40 marks within four weeks of commencement of the classwork in next academic year. Also, the student has to earn 35% of total internal marks (14 out of 40 marks including Mid-Term examinations, Assignment& Subject Viva-voce/PPT/ Poster presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the concerned subject).
  - In the event of the student taking this chance, his Continuous Internal Evaluation marks for 40 and Semester End Examination marks for 60 obtained in the previous attempt stand cancelled.
- 10.14 SWAYAM: College intends to encourage the students to do a minimum of one MOOC in discipline and open elective during third year. The respective departments shall give a list of standard MOOCs providers including SWAYAM whose credentials are endorsed by the BoS. In general, MOOCs providers provide the result in percentage. In such case, specified by the college shall follow the grade table mentioned in 12.2. The Credits for MOOC(s) shall be transferred same as given for the respective discipline or open electives. In case a student fails to complete the MOOCs he/she shall re-register for the same with any of the providers from the list provided by the department. The equivalence of the courses shall be established by the department committee. Still if a student fails to clear the course/s, or in case a provider fails to offer a MOOC in any semester, then in all such cases the college shall conduct the end semester examinations for the same as per the college end semester examination pattern. The syllabi for the supplementary examinations shall be same as that of MOOCs. There shall be no internal assessment however the marks obtained out of 70 shall be scaled up to 100 marks and the respective letter grade shall be allotted. The details of MOOC(s) shall be displayed in Memorandum of Grades of a student, provided he/she submits the proof of completion of it or them to the examination branch through the Coordinator/Mentor, before the end semester examination of the particular semester.

## **11 AWARD OF DEGREE**

- 11.1 A student who registers for all the specified subjects/ courses as listed in the course structure and secures the required number of 160 credits (with CGPA  $\geq$  5.0), within 8 academic years from the date of commencement of the first academic year, shall be declared to have **'qualified'** for the award of B.Tech. degree in the branch of Engineering selected at the time of admission.
- 11.2 A student who qualifies for the award of the degree as listed in item 12.1 shall be placed in the following classes.

- 11.3 A student with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) > 8.00, and fulfilling the following conditions shall be placed in 'First Class with Distinction'. However, he
  - (i) Should have passed all the subjects/courses in 'First Appearance' within the first 4 academic years (or 8 sequential semesters) from the date of commencement of first year first semester.
  - (ii) Should not have been detained or prevented from writing the semester end examinations in any semester due to shortage of attendance or any other reason. A student not fulfilling any of the above conditions with final CGPA > 8 shall be placed in 'First Class'.
- 11.4 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme)  $\geq$  7.0 but < 8.00 shall be placed in 'First Class'.
- 11.5 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme)  $\ge 6.00$  but < 7.00, shall be placed in 'Second Class'.
- 11.6 All other students who qualify for the award of the degree (as per item 12.1), with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme)  $\geq 5.00$  but < 6, shall be placed in **'pass class'**.
- 11.7 A student with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) < 5.00 will not be eligible for the award of the degree.

## 12 LETTER GRADE AND GRADE POINT

- 12.1 Marks will be awarded to indicate the performance of each student in each Theory Subject, or Lab/Practical's, or Seminar, or Project, or Internship\*/Mini-Project, Minor Course etc., based on the %marks obtained in CIE+SEE (Continuous Internal Evaluation + Semester End Examination, both taken together), and a corresponding Letter Grade shall be given.
- 12.2 As a measure of the student's performance, a 10-point Absolute Grading System using the following Letter Grades (UGC Guidelines) and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed...

% of Marks Secured (Class Intervals)	Letter Grade (UGC Guidelines)	Grade Points
90% and above	0	10
$(\geq 90\%, \leq 100\%)$	(Outstanding)	10
Below 90% but not less than 80%	$A^+$	0
$(\geq 80\%, < 90\%)$	(Excellent)	9
Below 80% but not less than 70%	А	0
$(\geq 70\%, < 80\%)$	(Very Good)	0
Below 70% but not less than 60%	$B^+$	7
$(\geq 60\%, < 70\%)$	(Good)	1
Below 60% but not less than 50%	В	6
$(\geq 50\%, < 60\%)$	(Average)	
Below 50% but not less than 40%	С	5
$(\geq 40\%, < 50\%)$	(Pass)	5
Below 40%	F	0
( < 40% )	(FAIL)	0
Absent	AB	0

- 12.3 A student obtaining F Grade in any Subject shall be considered 'failed' and will be required to reappear as 'Supplementary Candidate' in the End Semester Examination (SEE), as and when offered. In such cases, his Internal Marks (CIE Marks) in those Subject(s) will remain same as those he obtained earlier.
- 12.4 A Letter Grade does not imply any specific % of Marks.
- 12.5 In general, a student shall not be permitted to repeat any Subject/Course (s) only for the sake of 'Grade Improvement' or 'SGPA/CGPA Improvement'. However, he has to repeat all the Subjects/Courses pertaining to that Semester, when he is detained.

12.6 A student earns Grade Point (GP) in each Subject/Course, on the basis of the Letter Grade obtained by him in that Subject/Course (excluding Mandatory non-credit Courses). Then the corresponding 'Credit Points' (CP) are computed by multiplying the Grade Point with Credits for that particular Subject/Course.

Credit Points (CP) = Grade Point (GP) x Credits .... For a Course

- 12.7 The Student passes the Subject/Course only when he gets  $GP \ge 4$  (P Grade or above).
- 12.8 The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is calculated by dividing the Sum of Credit Points (ΣCP) secured from ALL Subjects/Courses registered in a Semester, by the Total Number of Credits registered during that Semester. SGPA is rounded off to TWO Decimal Places. SGPA is thus computed as

SGPA = {
$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i G_i$$
} / { $\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i$ } .... For each Semester,

where 'i' is the Subject indicator index (takes into account all Subjects in a Semester), 'N' is the no. of Subjects 'REGISTERED' for the Semester (as specifically required and listed under the Course Structure of the parent Department),  $C_i$  is the no. of Credits allotted to that ix Subject, and  $G_i$  represents the Grade Points (GP) corresponding to the Letter Grade awarded for that i Subject.

Course	Credit	Grade Letter	Grade Point	Credit Point (Credit x Grade)	
Course1	3	А	8	3 x 8 = 24	
Course2	4	B+	7	4 x 7 = 28	
Course3	3	В	6	3 x 6 = 18	
Course4	3	0	10	3 x10= 30	
Course5	3	С	5	3 x 5 = 15	
Course6	4	В	6	$4 \ge 6 = 24$	
Thus SCRA $-120/20 - 6.05$					

**Illustration of Computation of SGPA Computation** 

Thus, SGPA =139/20 =6.95

12.9 The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is a measure of the overall cumulative performance of a student over all Semesters considered for registration. The CGPA is the ratio of the Total Credit Points secured by a student in ALL registered Courses in ALL Semesters, and the Total Number of Credits registered in ALL the Semesters. CGPA is rounded off to TWO Decimal Places. CGPA is thus computed from the I Year Second Semester onwards, at the end of each Semester, as per the formula

CGPA =  $\{ \sum_{j=1}^{M} C_j G_j \} / \{ \sum_{j=1}^{M} C_j \} \dots$  for all S Semesters registered

(i.e., up to and inclusive of S Semesters,  $S \ge 2$ ),

where 'M' is the TOTAL no. of Subjects (as specifically required and listed under the Course Structure of the parent Department) the Student has 'REGISTERED' from the 1<sup>st</sup> Semester onwards up to and inclusive of the Semester S (obviously M > N), 'j' is the Subject indicator index (takes into account all Subjects from 1 to S Semesters),  $C_j$  is the no. of Credits allotted to the jth Subject, and  $G_j$  represents the Grade Points (GP) corresponding to the Letter Grade awarded for that jth Subject. After registration and completion of I Year I Semester however, the SGPA of that Semester itself may be taken as the CGPA, as there are no cumulative effects.

			101 00		ution		
Semester 1	Semester 2	Semester 3	Semester 4	Semester 5	Semester 6	Semester 7	Semester 8
Credits :							
19.5	20.5	18.0	19.0	21.5	21.5	23	17
SGPA :							
6.9	7.8	5.6	6.0	6.3	8.0	8.0	8.0

160

Thus, **CGPA** = 19.5x6.9+20.5x7.8+18.0x5.6+19.0x6.0+21.5x6.3+21.5x8.0+23x8.0+17x8.0

= 7.10

- 12.10 For Merit Ranking or Comparison Purposes or any other listing, ONLY the 'ROUNDED OFF' values of the CGPAs will be used.
- 12.11 For Calculations listed in Item 12.5–12.10, performance in failed Subjects/Courses (securing F Grade) will also be taken into account, and the Credits of such Subjects/Courses will also be included in the multiplications and summations. However, Mandatory Courses will not be taken into consideration.
- 12.12 Conversion formula for the conversion of GPA into indicative percentage is% of marks scored = (final CGPA -0.50) x 10

## **13** AWARD OF 2-YEAR B.TECH. DIPLOMA CERTIFICATE

- 13.1 A student is awarded 2-Year UG Diploma Certificate in the concerned engineering Branch on completion of all the academic requirements and earned all the 80 credits (within 4 years from the date of admission) up to B.Tech. II Year II Semester, if the student wants to exit the 4-Year B.Tech. Program and requests for the 2 -Year B.Tech. (UG) Diploma Certificate.
- 13.2 The student once opted and awarded 2-Year UG Diploma Certificate, the Student will be permitted to join in B. Tech. III Year I Semester and continue for completion of remaining years of study for 4-Year B. Tech. Degree ONLY in the next academic year along with next batch students. However, if any student wishes to continue the study after opting for exit, he/she should register for the subjects/courses in III Year I Semester before commencement of class work for that semester.
- 13.3 The students, who exit the 4-Year B. Tech. program after II Year of study and wish to re-join the B.Tech. Program, must submit the 2 -Year B. Tech. (UG) Diploma Certificate awarded to him, subject to the eligibility for completion of Course/Degree.
- 13.4 A student may be permitted to take one year break after completion of II Year II Semester or B. Tech. III Year II Semester (with university permission through the principal of the college well in advance) and can re-enter the course in **next Academic Year in the same college** and complete the course on fulfilling all the academic credentials within a stipulated duration i.e. double the duration of the course (Ex. within 8 Years for 4-Year program).

## **14. DECLARATION OF RESULTS**

Computation of SGPA and CGPA are done using the procedure listed in 12.5 - 12.10. No SGPA/CGPA is declared, if a candidate is failed in any one of the courses of a given Semester.

## **15. WITH HOLDING OF RESULTS**

If the student has not paid fees to College at any stage, or has pending dues against his name due to any reason what so ever, or if any case of indiscipline is pending against him, the result of such student may be withheld, and he will not be allowed to go into the next higher Semester. The Award or issue of the Degree may also be withheld in such cases.

## **16. REVALUATION**

Students shall be permitted for revaluation after the declaration of end Semester examination results within due dates by paying prescribed fee. After revaluation if there is any betterment in the grade, then improved grade will be considered. Otherwise old grade shall be retained.

## **17. SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS**

Supplementary examinations for the odd Semester shall be conducted with the regular examinations of even Semester and vice versa, for those who appeared and failed or absent in regular examinations. Such candidates writing supplementary examinations may have to write sometimes one or two examinations per day.

## ADVANCED SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

Advanced supplementary examinations will be conducted for IV year II Semester after announcement of regular results.

## **18. TRANSCRIPTS**

After successful completion of prerequisite credits for the award of degree a Transcript containing performance of all academic years will be issued as a final record. Duplicate PC, CMM & Transcripts will also be issued if required after the payment of requisite fee and also as per norms in vogue.

## **19. RULES OF DISCIPLINE**

- 19.1 Any attempt by any student to influence the teachers, Examiners, faculty and staff of controller of Examination for undue favors in the exams, and bribing them either for marks or attendance will be treated as malpractice cases and the student can be debarred from the college.
- 19.2 When the student absents himself, he is treated as to have appeared and obtained zero marks in that course(s) and grading is done accordingly.
- 19.3 When the performance of the student in any subject(s) is cancelled as a punishment for indiscipline, he is awarded zero marks in that subject(s).
- 19.4 When the student's answer book is confiscated for any kind of attempted or suspected malpractice the decision of the Examiner is final.

## 20. MALPRACTICE PREVENTION COMMITTEE

A malpractice prevention committee shall be constituted to examine and punish the students who involve in malpractice / indiscipline in examinations. The committee shall consist of:

- a) Controller of examinations Chairman
- b) Addl. Controller of examinations.- Member Convener
- c) Subject expert member
- d) Head of the department of which the student belongs to. Member
- e) The invigilator concerned member

The committee shall conduct the meeting after taking explanation of the student and punishment will be awarded by following the malpractice rules meticulously.

Any action on the part of candidate at the examination like trying to get undue advantage in the performance at examinations or trying to help another, or derive the same through unfair means is punishable according to the provisions contained hereunder. The involvement of the Staff who are in charge of conducting examinations, valuing examination papers and preparing / keeping records of documents relating to the examinations, in such acts (inclusive of providing incorrect or misleading information) that infringe upon the course of natural justice to one and all concerned at the examination shall be viewed seriously and will be recommended for appropriate punishment after thorough enquiry.

## 21. TRANSITORY REGULATIONS

- A. For students detained due to shortage of attendance:
- 1. A Student who has been detained in I year of R18/R21 Regulations due to lack of attendance, shall be permitted to join I year I Semester of R22 Regulations and he is required to complete the study of B.Tech. programme within the stipulated period of eight academic years from the date of first admission in I Year.
- 2. A student who has been detained in any semester of II, III and IV years of R18/R21 regulations for want of attendance, shall be permitted to join the corresponding semester of R22 Regulations and is required to complete the study of B.Tech. within the stipulated period of eight academic years from the date of first admission in I Year. The R22 Academic Regulations under which a student has been readmitted shall be applicable to that student from that semester. See rule (C) for further Transitory Regulations.

- B. For students detained due to shortage of credits:
- 3. A student of R18/R21 Regulations who has been detained due to lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next semester of R22 Regulations only after acquiring the required number of credits as per the corresponding regulations of his/her first admission. The total credits required are 160 including both R18/R21 & R22 regulations. The student is required to complete the study of B.Tech within the stipulated period of eight academic years from the year of first admission. The R22 Academic Regulations are applicable to a student from the year of readmission. See rule (C) for further Transitory Regulations.
- C. For readmitted students in R22 Regulations:
- 4. A student who has failed in any subject under any regulation has to pass those subjects in the same regulations.
- 5. The maximum credits that a student acquires for the award of degree, shall be the sum of the total number of credits secured in all the regulations of his/her study including R22 Regulations. **There is NO exemption of credits in any case.**
- 6. If a student is readmitted to R22 Regulations and has any subject with 80% of syllabus common with his/her previous regulations, that particular subject in R22 Regulations will be substituted by another subject to be suggested by the University.

**Note:** If a student readmitted to R22 Regulations and has not studied any subjects/topics in his/her earlier regulations of study which is prerequisite for further subjects in R22 Regulations, the College Principals concerned shall conduct remedial classes to cover those subjects/topics for the benefit of the students.

## 22. STUDENT TRANSFERS

- 22.1 There shall be no branch transfers after the completion of admission process.
- 22.2 There shall be no transfers from one college/stream to another within the constituent colleges and units of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad.
- 22.3 The students seeking transfer to colleges affiliated to JNTUH from various other Universities/institutions have to pass the failed subjects which are equivalent to the subjects of HITS, and also pass the subjects of HITS which the students have not studied at the earlier institution. Further, though the students have passed some of the subjects at the earlier institutions, if the same subjects are prescribed in different semesters of HITS, the students have to study those subjects in HITS in spite of the fact that those subjects are repeated.
- 22.4 The transferred students from other Universities/Institutions to JNTUH affiliated colleges who are on rolls are to be provided one chance to write the CBT (for internal marks) in the **equivalent subject(s)** as per the clearance letter issued by the University.
- 22.5 The college has to provide one chance to write the internal examinations in the **equivalent subject**(s) to the students transferred from other universities/institutions to HITS who are on rolls, as per the clearance (equivalence) letter issued by the University.

## **23. AMENDMENTS TO REGULATIONS**

The Academic Council of Holy Mary Institute of Technology & Science reserves the right to revise, amend, or change the regulations, scheme of examinations, and / or syllabi or any other policy relevant to the needs of the society or industrial requirements etc., without prior notice.

There shall be no Branch transfers after the completion of Admission Process. Transfer of student is permitted subjected to the rules and regulations of TSCHE (TE Department) and JNTUH in vogue.

The College shall have its own Annual Graduation Day for the award of Degrees issued by the College/University.

Institute will award Medals to the outstanding students who complete the entire course in the first attempt within the stipulated time.

- i) Where the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the write-up of regulations, they include "she", "her".
- ii) Where the words "Subject" or "Subjects", occur in these regulations, they also imply "Course" or "Courses".
- iii) The Academic Regulations should be read as a whole, for the purpose of any interpretation.
- iv) In case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Chairman of the Academic Council is final.

## Academic Regulations for B. Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme) (Effective for the students getting admitted into II year from the Academic Year 2023-2024 on wards)

## **1.** ELIGIBILITY FOR THE AWARD OF B.TECH DEGREE (LES)

- i. The LES students after securing admission shall pursue a course of study for not less than three academic years and not more than six academic years.
- ii. The Students have to acquire 120 credits from II to IV year of B.Tech Programme (Regular) for the award of the degree.
- iii. Students, who fail to fulfill the requirement for the award of the degree in 6 consecutive academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seat.
- iv. The same attendance regulations are to be adopted as that of B. Tech. (Regular)

## **2. PROMOTION RULE:**

A Student will not be promoted from II Year to III Year, unless he/she fulfills the Attendance and Academic Requirements and (i) secure a Total of 60% Credits up to III Year II Semester, from all the regular and supplementary examinations.

A Student will not be promoted from III Year to IV Year, unless he/she fulfills the Attendance and Academic Requirements and (i) secure a Total of 60% Credits up to III Year II Semester, from all the regular and supplementary examinations.

## **3.** AWARD OF DEGREE:

After the student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the programme and is eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree, he/she shall be placed in one of the following four classes: The marks obtained for 120 credits will be considered for the calculation of CGPA.

All other regulations as applicable for B. Tech. Four-year degree programme (Regular) will hold good for B.Tech (Lateral Entry Scheme).

## Malpractices Rules - Disciplinary Action For /Improper Conduct in Examinations

S. No	Nature of Malpractices / Improper Conduct	Punishment
1 (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled and sent to the Principal.
3	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practical's and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive Semesters from class work and all examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.

4	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive Semesters from class work and all examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6	Refuses to obey the orders of the Addl. Controller of examinations / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the addl. Controller of examinations or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the addl. Controller of examinations, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
7	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive Semesters from class work and all examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.

8	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the colleges expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year.
11	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that Semester/year examinations.
12	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the principal for further action to award suitable punishment.	

# COURSE STRUCTURE

I B.Tech I-Semester									
Course Code	Course Title	Course	Hours per Week			Credite	Scheme of Examination Maximum Marks		
Course Coue	course rule	Area	L	Т	Р	creats	Internal (CIE)	External (SEE)	Total
A2MA101BS	Linear Algebra and Calculus	BSC	3	1	-	4	40	60	100
A2AP104BS	Applied Physics	BSC	3	1	-	4	40	60	100
A2CS106ES	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
A2ME116ES	Workshop Manufacturing Practice	ESC	0	1	3	2.5	40	60	100
A2EN105HS	English for skill Enhancement	HSMC	2	-	-	2	40	60	100
A2CS101ES	Elements of Computer Science and Engineering	ESC	-	-	2	1	50	-	50
A2AP112BS	Applied Physics Lab	BSC	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
A2EN113HS	English Language and Communication Skills Lab	HSMC	-	-	2	1	40	60	100
A2CS114ES	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	-	-	2	1	40	60	100
Total         11         3         12         20         370         480         850							850		
Mandatory Con	urse (Non-Credit)								
A2IO101MC	Technical Seminar-I / Social Innovation	MC	-	-	2	-	100	-	100

## Dept. of Computer Science and Engineering (IoT)

I B.Tech II-Semester									
Course Code	Course Title	Course	Hours per Week			Credits	Scheme of Examination Maximum Marks		
course coue	course rate	Area	L	Т	Р	cicults	Internal (CIE)	External (SEE)	Total
A2MA201BS	Ordinary Differential Equations and Advanced Calculus	BSC	3	1	-	4	40	60	100
A2CH202BS	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	1	-	4	40	60	100
A2ME208ES	Engineering Graphics	ESC	1	0	4	3	40	60	100
A2EE207ES	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	2	0	0	2	40	60	100
A2EC201ES	Electronic Devices and Circuits	ESC	2	0	0	2	40	60	100
A2CS202ES	Applied Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	0	1	2	2	40	60	100
A2CH210BS	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	-	-	2	1	40	60	100
A2EE215ES	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	-	-	2	1	40	60	100
A2CS212ES	IT Workshop	ESC	0	0	2	1	40	60	100
Total         11         3         12					20	360	540	900	
Mandatory Co	urse (Non-Credit)								
A2IO202MC	Technical Seminar-II / Engineering Exploartion	MC	-	-	2	-	100	-	100

	II-B.Tech (I-Semester)								
Course	Course Title	Course	Hours per Week			Credits	Scheme of Examination Maximum Marks		
Code		Area	L	Т	Р	Creans	Internal (CIE)	External (SEE)	Total
A2IO301BS	Discrete Mathematics	BSC	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
A2IO302ES	Digital Electronics	ESC	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
A2IO303PC	Data Structures	PCC	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
A210304PC	Operating Systems	PCC	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
A2IO305PC	Software Engineering	PCC	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
A2IO306ES	Digital Electronics Lab	ESC	-	-	2	1	40	60	100
A2IO307PC	Data Structures Lab	PCC	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
A2IO308PC	Operating Systems Lab	PCC	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
A2IO309PC	Skill Development course (Data Visualization R- Programming / power BI)	PCC	-	-	2	1	-	100	100
	Total 15 0 10 20 320 580 900								
	Mandatory Course (Non-Credit)								
A2IO303MC	Environmental Studies	MC	2	-	-	-	100	-	100

	II-B.Tech (II-Semester)								
Course	Course Title	Course	Hours per Week			Credits	Scheme of Examination Maximum Marks		
Code		Area	L	Т	Р		Internal (CIE)	External (SEE)	Total
A2IO401PC	Computer Organization and Architecture	PCC	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
A2IO402PC	Sensors and Devices	PCC	2	-	-	2	40	60	100
A2IO403PC	Computer Networks	PCC	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
A2IO404BS	Computer Oriented Statistical Methods	PCC	3	1	-	4	40	60	100
A2IO405PC	OOPS through Java	PCC	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
A2IO406PC	Sensors and Devices Lab	PCC	-	-	2	1	40	60	100
A2IO407PC	OOPS through Java Lab	PCC	-	-	3	1	40	60	100
A2IO408PC	Skill Development Course (Node JS/ React JS /Django)	PCC	-	-	2	1	-	100	100
A2IO409PW	Field based Research Project	PWC	-	-	4	2	50	-	50
		14	1	11	20	330	520	850	
	Mandato	ry Course	(Non-	Cred	it)				
A2IO404MC	Gender Sensitization	MC	-	-	2	-	100	-	100

# I-YEAR (I-SEMESTER)

## LINEAR ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS

## I-B. Tech I-Semester Course Code: A2MA101BS

L T P C 3 1 - 4

## COURSE OBJECTIVES: To learn

- 1. Concept of a rank of the matrix and applying this concept to know the consistency and solving the system of linear equations
- 2. Concept of Eigen values and eigenvectors and to reduce the quadratic form to canonical form.
- 3. Evaluation of improper integrals using Beta and Gamma functions.
- 4. Partial differentiation and finding maxima and minima of function of two and three variables.
- 5. Evaluation of multiple integrals and their applications.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Write the matrix representation of a set of linear equations and to analyze the solution of the system of equations.
- 2. Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors and reduce the quadratic form to canonical form usingorthogonal transformations.
- 3. Solve the applications on the mean value theorems and evaluate the improper integrals using Beta andGamma functions.
- 4. Find the extreme values of functions of two variables with/ without constraints.
- 5. Evaluate the multiple integrals and apply the concept to find areas, volumes

## UNIT-I MATRICES

Matrices: Types of Matrices, Symmetric; Hermitian; Skew-symmetric; Skew-Hermitian; Orthogonal matrices; Unitary Matrices; Rank of a matrix by Echelon form and Normal form, Inverse of Non-singular matrices by Gauss-Jordan method; System of linear equations; Solving system of Homogeneous and Non-Homogeneous equations. Gauss elimination method; Gauss Seidel Iteration Method.

## UNIT –II EIGEN VALUES AND EIGEN VECTORS

Linear Transformation and Orthogonal Transformation: Eigen values and Eigenvectors and their properties: Diagonalization of a matrix; Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof); Finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton Theorem; Quadratic forms and Nature of the Quadratic Forms; Reduction of Quadratic form to Canonical forms by Orthogonal Transformation

## UNIT-III CALCULUS

Mean value theorems: Rolle's Theorem, Lagrange's Mean value theorem with their Geometrical Interpretation and applications, Cauchy's Mean value Theorem. Taylor's Series . Definition of Improper Integral: Beta and Gamma functions and their applications.

## UNIT -IV MULTIVARIABLE CALCULUS

Definitions of Limit and continuity. Partial Differentiation; Euler's Theorem; Total derivative; Jacobian; Functional dependence & independence, Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and three variables using method of Lagrange multipliers.

## UNIT-V MULTIVARIABLE INTEGRAL CALCULUS

Evaluation of Double Integrals (Cartesian and polar coordinates); Change of order of integration (only Cartesian form); Evaluation of Triple Integrals: Change of variables (Cartesian to polar) for double and(Cartesian to Spherical and Cylindrical polar coordinates) for triple integrals.

Applications: Areas (by double integrals) and Volumes (by double integrals and triple integrals).

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010
- 2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- 3. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.
- 2. Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11thReprint, 2010

## APPLIED PHYSICS

## I-B. Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2AP104BS

L T P C 3 1 - 4

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

The objectives of this course for the student are to:

- 1. Understand the basic principles of quantum physics and band theory of solids.
- 2. Understand the underlying mechanism involved in construction and working principles of various semiconductor devices.
- 3. Study the fundamental concepts related to the dielectric, magnetic and energy materials.
- 4. Identify the importance of nanoscale, quantum confinement and various fabrications techniques.
- 5. Study the characteristics of lasers and optical fibres.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand physical world from fundamental point of view by the concepts of Quantum mechanics and visualize the difference between conductor, semiconductor, and an insulator by classification of solids.
- 2. Identify the role of semiconductor devices in science and engineering Applications.
- 3. Explore the fundamental properties of dielectric, magnetic materials and energy for their Applications.
- 4. Appreciate the features and applications of Nanomaterials.
- 5. Understand various aspects of Lasers and Optical fiber and their applications in diverse fields

## UNIT-I: QUANTUM PHYSICS AND SOLIDS

Introduction to quantum physics, Black body radiation, Planck's law, Photo electric effect, Compton effect, De-Broglie's hypothesis, Wave-particle duality, Davisson and Germer experiment, Heisenberg's Uncertainty principle and its applications, Born's interpretation of the wave function, Schrodinger's time independent wave equation, Particle in one dimensional box.

Solids: Free electron theory (Drude & amp; Lorentz, Sommerfeld) - merits and demerits of classical and quantum mechanics - Bloch's theorem -Kronig-Penney model(qualitative) – E-K diagram-origin of energy bands- classification of solids.

## UNIT-II: SEMICONDUCTORS AND DEVICES

Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors – Hall effect - direct and indirect band gap semiconductors - construction, principle of operation and characteristics of P-N Junction diode, Zener diode and bipolar junction transistor (BJT)–LED, PIN diode, avalanche photo diode (APD) and solar cells, their structure, materials, working principle and characteristics.

## UNIT-III: DIELECTRIC, MAGNETIC AND SUPER CONDUCTORS

Dielectric materials: Basic definitions, types of polarizations (qualitative), ferroelectric, piezoelectric and pyroelectric materials, applications.

Magnetic materials: Basic definitions, Classification of magnetic materials, domain theory for ferromagnetic materials, Hysteresis- soft and hard magnetic materials, magnetostriction, magneto resistance, applications. Super conductors: Introduction, properties of super conductors, Meissner effect, Type-I and Type-II super conductors, applications.

## **UNIT-IV: NANOTECHNOLOGY**

Introduction to Nanotechnology, Nanoscale, Types of nano materials, quantum confinement, surface to volume ratio, Synthesis of nanomaterials - Top-down method: Ball milling method, Sol-gel synthesis, physical vapor deposition (PVD), and Bottom-up method: combustion methods, Chemical vapor deposition method (CVD); characterization techniques - XRD, SEM & amp; TEM Applications of nanomaterials

## UNIT-V: LASER AND FIBER OPTICS

Lasers: Introduction to interaction of radiation with matter, Characteristics of LASER, Einstein coefficients, Population inversion, Pumping, Principle and working of Laser, Types of Lasers: Ruby laser, Carbon dioxide (CO2) laser, He-Ne laser, semiconductor lasers, Applications of laser.

Fibre Optics: Introduction to optical fiber, advantages of optical Fibers, total internal reflection construction of optical fiber, acceptance angle, numerical aperture, classification of optical fibers losses in optical fiber, optical fiber for communication system, applications

## TEXT BOOKS:

1. M. N. Avadhanulu, P.G. Kshirsagar & TVS Arun Murthy" A Text book of Engineering Physics"- S. Chand Publications, 11th Edition 2019.

2. Engineering Physics by Shatendra Sharma and Jyotsna Sharma, Pearson Publication, 2019

3. Semiconductor Physics and Devices- Basic Principle – Donald A, Neamen, Mc Graw Hill, 4 thEdition,2021.

4. B.K. Pandey and S. Chaturvedi, Engineering Physics, Cengage Learning, 2ndEdition, 2022.

5. Essentials of Nanoscience & Nanotechnology by Narasimha Reddy Katta, Typical Creatives NANO DIGEST, 1st Edition, 2021.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**:

- 1. Quantum Physics, H.C. Verma, TBS Publication, 2nd Edition 2012.
- 2. Fundamentals of Physics Halliday, Resnick and Walker, John Wiley & Sons, 11th Edition, 2018.
- 3. Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, Wiley Eastern, 2019.
- 4. Elementary Solid State Physics, S.L. Gupta and V. Kumar, Pragathi Prakashan, 2019.
- 5. A.K. Bhandhopadhya Nano Materials, New Age International, 1stEdition, 2007.
- 6. Energy Materials a Short Introduction to Functional Materials for Energy Conversion and Storage Aliaksandr S. Bandarenka, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group
- 7. Energy Materials, Taylor & Francis Group, 1st Edition, 2022.

## **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING**

I-B. Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2CS106ES L T P C 3 - - 3

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

- To learn the fundamentals of computers.
- To understand the various steps in program development.
- To learn the syntax and semantics of the C programming language.
- To learn the usage of structured programming approaches in solving problems

## **COURSE OUTCOMES**

To write algorithms and to draw flowcharts for solving problems.

- To convert the algorithms/flowcharts to C programs.
- To code and test a given logic in the C programming language.
- To decompose a problem into functions and to develop modular reusable code.
- To use arrays, pointers, strings and structures to write C programs.
- Searching and sorting problems.

## UNIT – I:

Compilers, compiling and executing a program. Representation of Algorithm - Algorithms for finding roots of a quadratic equations, finding minimum and maximum numbers of a given set, finding if a number is prime number Flowchart/Pseudocode with examples, Program design and structured programming Introduction to C Programming Language: variables (with data types and space requirements), Syntax and Logical Errors in compilation, object and executable code, Operators, expressions and precedence, Expression evaluation, Storage classes (auto, extern, static and register), type conversion, The main method and command line arguments Bitwise operations: Bitwise AND, OR, XOR and NOT operators Conditional Branching and Loops: Writing and evaluation of conditionals and consequent branching with if, if-else, switch-case, ternary operator, goto, Iteration with for, while, do- while loops I/O: Simple input and output

## UNIT – II:

Arrays: one and two dimensional arrays, creating, accessing and manipulating elements of arrays Strings: Introduction to strings, handling strings as array of characters, basic string functions available in C (strlen, strcat, strcpy, strstr etc.), arrays of strings Structures: Defining structures, initializing structures, unions, Array of structures Pointers: Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Pointers to Arrays and Structures, Use of Pointers in selfreferential structures, usage of self referential structures in linked list (no implementation) Enumeration data type.

## UNIT - III:

Preprocessor: Commonly used Preprocessor commands like include, define, undef, if, ifdef, ifndef Files: Text and Binary files, Creating and Reading and writing text and binary files, Appending data to existing files, Writing and reading structures using binary files, Random access using fseek, ftell and rewind functions.

#### UNIT - IV:

Functions: Designing structured programs, Declaring a function, Signature of a function, Parameters and return type of a function, passing parameters to functions, call by value, Passing arrays to functions, passing pointers to functions, idea of call by reference, Some C standard functions and libraries

Recursion: Simple programs, such as Finding Factorial, Fibonacci series etc., Limitations of Recursive functions Dynamic memory allocation: Allocating and freeing memory, Allocating memory for arrays of different data types

## UNIT – V:

Basic searching in an array of elements (linear and binary search techniques), Basic algorithms to sort array of elements (Bubble, Insertion and Selection sort algorithms), Basic concept of order of complexity through the example programs

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Jeri R. Hanly and Elliot B.Koffman, Problem solving and Program Design in C 7th Edition, Pearson
- 2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3rd Edition)

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice Hall of India
- 2. E. Balagurusamy, Computer fundamentals and C, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill
- 3. Yashavant Kanetkar, Let Us C, 18th Edition, BPB
- 4. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16th Impression)
- 5. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 6. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4th Edition
- 7. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill

## WORKSHOP MANUFACTUING PRACTICES

## I-B. Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2ME116ES

L T P C -- 1 3 2.5

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To Study of different hand operated power tools, uses and their demonstration.
- 2. To gain a good basic working knowledge required for the production of various engineering products.
- 3. To provide hands on experience about use of different engineering materials, tools, equipment and processes those are common in the engineering field.
- 4. To develop a right attitude, team working, precision and safety at work place.
- 5. It explains the construction, function, use and application of different working tools, equipment and machines.
- 6. To study commonly used carpentry joints.
- 7. To have practical exposure to various welding and joining processes.
- 8. Identify and use marking out tools, hand tools, measuring equipment and to work to prescribed tolerances.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### By the end of the course students will be able to:

- 1. Study and practice on machine tools and their operations
- 2. Practiceonmanufacturingofcomponentsusingworkshoptradesincludingpluming,fitting,carpentry, foundry, house wiring and welding.
- 3. Identify and apply suitable tools for different trades of Engineering processes including drilling, material removing, measuring, chiseling.
- 4. Apply basic electrical engineering knowledge for house wiring practice.

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

## I. TRADES FOREXERCISES:

#### At least two exercises from each trade:

Experiment-1	Carpentry – (T-Lap Joint, Dovetail Joint, Mortise & Tenon Joint)
Experiment-2	Fitting – (V-Fit, Dovetail Fit & Semi-circular fit)
Experiment-3	Tin-Smithy – (Square Tin, Rectangular Tray & Conical Funnel)
Experiment-4	Foundry – (Preparation of Green Sand Mould using Single Piece and Split Pattern)
Experiment-5	Welding Practice – (Arc Welding & Gas Welding)
Experiment-6	House-wiring – (Parallel & Series, Two-way Switch and Tube Light)
Experiment-7	Black Smithy – (Round to Square, Fan Hook and S-Hook)

#### II. TRADES FOR DEMONSTRATION & EXPOSURE:

Experiment-1	Plumbing, Machine Shop, Metal Cutting
Experiment-2	Power tools in construction and Wood Working

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Workshop Practice /B. L. Juneja /Cengage
- 2. Workshop Manual / K. Venugopal /Anuradha.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Workshop Practice /B. L. Juneja /Cengage
- 2. Workshop Manual / K. Venugopal /Anuradha.
- 3. Work shop Manual P. Kannaiah/ K. L. Narayana/SciTech
- 4. Workshop Manual / Venkat Reddy/BSP

## **ENGLISH FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT**

## I-B. Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2EN105HS

L T P C 2 - - 2

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1 Improve the language proficiency of students in English with an emphasis on Vocabulary,Grammar, Reading and Writing skills.
- 2 Develop study skills and communication skills in various professional situations.
- 3 Equip students to study engineering subjects more effectively and critically using the theoretical and practical components of the syllabus.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:** Students should be able to:

- 1. Understand the importance of vocabulary and sentence structures.
- 2. Choose appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures for their oral and written communication.
- 3. Demonstrate their understanding of the rules of functional grammar.
- 4. Develop comprehension skills from the known and unknown passages.
- 5. Take an active part in drafting paragraphs, letters, essays, abstracts, précis and reports in various contexts.
- 6. Acquire basic proficiency in reading and writing modules of English.

#### UNIT –I:

Chapter entitled '*Toasted English*' by R.K.Narayan from "*English: Language, Context and Culture*" published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad.

**Vocabulary**: The Concept of Word Formation -The Use of Prefixes and Suffixes - Acquaintance with Prefixes and Suffixes from Foreign Languages to form Derivatives - Synonyms and Antonyms

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Articles and Prepositions.

**Reading:** Reading and Its Importance- Techniques for Effective Reading.

**Writing:** Sentence Structures -Use of Phrases and Clauses in Sentences- Importance of Proper Punctuation- Techniques for Writing precisely – Paragraph Writing – Types, Structures and Features of a Paragraph - Creating Coherence-Organizing Principles of Paragraphs in Documents.

## UNIT –II:

Chapter entitled 'Appro JRD' by Sudha Murthy from "English: Language, Context and Culture" *published* by Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad.

 Vocabulary:
 Words Often Miss pelt - Homophones, Homonyms and Homographs

 Grammar:
 Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Noun-pronoun Agreement and

 Subject-verb Agreement.
 Sub-Skills of Reading – Skimming and Scanning – Exercises for Practice

 Writing:
 Nature and Style of Writing- Defining /Describing People, Objects, Places and Events – Classifying- Providing Examples or Evidence.

## UNIT –III:

Chapter entitled 'Lessons from Online Learning' by F.Haider Alvi, Deborah Hurst et al from "English: Language, Context and Culture" published by Orient Black Swan, Hyderabad.
Vocabulary: Words Often Confused - Words from Foreign Languages and their Use in English.
Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Misplaced Modifiers and Tenses.
Reading: Sub-Skills of Reading – Intensive Reading and Extensive Reading – Exercises forPractice.
Writing: Format of a Formal Letter-Writing Formal Letters E.g.., Letter of Complaint, Letter of Requisition, Email Etiquette, Job Application with CV/Resume.

## UNIT –IV:

Chapter entitled 'Art and Literature' by Abdul Kalam from "English: Language, Context and Culture" published by Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad.

Vocabulary: Standard Abbreviations in English

**Grammar:** Redundancies and Clichés in Oral and Written Communication.

Reading: Survey, Question, Read, Recite and Review (SQ3R Method) - Exercises for Practice

Writing: Writing Practices- Essay Writing-Writing Introduction and Conclusion -Précis Writing.

## UNIT –V:

Chapter entitled 'Go, Kiss the World' by Subroto Bagchi from "English: Language, Context and Culture" published by Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad.

Vocabulary: Technical Vocabulary and their Usage

**Grammar:** Common Errors in English (*Covering all the other aspects of grammar which were notcovered in the previous units*)

 Reading:
 Reading Comprehension-Exercises for Practice

 Writing:
 Technical Reports- Introduction – Characteristics of a Report – Categories of Reports Formats- Structure of Reports (Manuscript Format) -Types of Reports - Writing a Report.

## <u>Note</u>: Listening and Speaking Skills which are given under Unit-6 in AICTE Model Curriculum are covered in the syllabus of ELCS Lab Course.

- Note: 1. As the syllabus of English given in AICTE Model Curriculum-2018 for B.Tech First Year is Open-ended, besides following the prescribed textbook, it is required to prepare teaching/learning materials by the teachers collectively in the form of handouts based on the needs of the students in their respective colleges for effective teaching/learning in the class.
- Note: 2.Based on the recommendations of NEP2020, teachers are requested to be flexible to adopt Blended Learning in dealing with the course contents .They are advised to teach 40 percent of each topic from the syllabus in blended mode.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. "English: Language, Context and Culture" by Orient BlackSwan Pvt. Ltd, Hyderabad. 2022. Print.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**:

- 1. Effective Academic Writing by Liss and Davis (OUP)
- 2. Richards, Jack C. (2022) Interchange Series. Introduction, 1,2,3. Cambridge University Press
- 3. Wood, F.T. (2007). Remedial English Grammar. Macmillan.
- 4. Chaudhuri, Santanu Sinha. (2018). Learn English: A Fun Book of Functional Language, Grammar and Vocabulary. (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.,). Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. (2019). Technical Communication. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Vishwamohan, Aysha. (2013). English for Technical Communication for Engineering Students. Mc Graw-Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Swan, Michael. (2016). Practical English Usage. Oxford University Press. Fourth Edition

## ELEMENTS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

I-B. Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2CS101ES L T P C -- 2 1

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

To provide an overview of the subjects of computer science and engineering.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Know the working principles of functional units of a basic Computer
- 2. Understand program development, the use of data structures and algorithms in problem solving.
- 3. Know the need and types of operating system, database systems.
- 4. Understand the significance of networks, internet, WWW and cyber security.
- 5. Understand Autonomous systems, the application of artificial intelligence.

#### **UNIT I**

Basics of a Computer – Hardware, Software, Generations of computers. Hardware - functional units, Components of CPU, Memory – hierarchy, types of memory, Input and output devices. Software – systems software, application software, packages, frameworks, IDEs.

## UNIT II

Software development – waterfall model, Agile, Types of computer languages – Programming, markup, scripting Program Development – steps in program development, flowcharts, algorithms, data structures – definition, types of data structures.

## UNIT III

Operating systems: Functions of operating systems, types of operating systems, Device & Resource management Database Management Systems: Data models, RDBMS, SQL, Database Transactions, data centers, cloud services

## **UNIT IV**

Computer Networks: Advantages of computer networks, LAN, WAN, MAN, internet, WiFi, sensor networks, vehicular networks, 5G communication. World Wide Web – Basics, role of HTML, CSS, XML, Tools for web designing, Social media, Online social networks. Security – information security, cyber security, cyber laws

## UNIT V

Autonomous Systems: IoT, Robotics, Drones, Artificial Intelligence – Learning, Game Development, natural language processing, image and video processing. Cloud Basics

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Invitation to Computer Science, G. Michael Schneider, Macalester College, Judith L. Gersting University of Hawaii, Hilo, Contributing author: Keith Miller University of Illinois, Springfield.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**:

- 1. Fundamentals of Computers, Reema Thareja, Oxford Higher Education, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Introduction to computers, Peter Norton, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Computer Fundamentals, Anita Goel, Pearson Education India, 2010.
- 4. Elements of computer science, Cengage..
## **APPLIED PHYSICS LAB**

#### I-B. Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2AP112BS

L T P C - - 3 1.5

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### The course should enable the students:

- 1. Capable of handling instruments related to the Hall effect and photoelectric effect experiments and their measurements.
- 2. Understand the characteristics of various devices such as PN junction diode, Zener diode, BJT, LED, solar cell, lasers and optical fiber and measurement of energy gap and resistivity of semiconductor materials.
- 3. To understand the behaviour of Laser and to understand numerical aperture of an optical fibre.
- 4. Study the behavior of B-H curve of ferromagnetic materials.
- 5. Understanding the method of least squares fitting.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:** After completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Know the determination of the Planck's constant using Photo electric effect and identify the material whether it is n-type or p-type by Hall experiment.
- 2. Appreciate quantum physics in semiconductor devices and opto electronics.
- 3. understand the directional property of laser and numerical aperture of an optical fibre.
- 4. Understand the variation of magnetic field and behavior of hysteresis curve.
- 5. Carried out data analysis.

## LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Determination of work function and Planck's constant using photoelectric effect.
- 2. To determine Hall co-efficient and carrier concentration of a given semiconductor.
- 3. Characteristics of series and parallel LCR circuits.
- 4. V-I characteristics of a p-n junction diode and Zener diode.
- 5. Input and output characteristics of BJT (CE, CB & amp; CC configurations).
- 6. a) To study the V-I and P-I characteristics of a Light Emitting Diode (LED).b) Plot V-I Characteristics of a solar cell.
- 7. Determination of Energy gap of a semiconductor.
- 8. Study B-H curve of a magnetic material.
- 9. a) Determination of the beam divergence of the given LASER beam.
  - b) Determination of Acceptance Angle and Numerical Aperture of an optical fiber.
- 10. To determine the rigidity modulus of the material of the given wire using Torsional pendulum.

Note: Any 8 experiments are to be performed.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. S. Balasubramanian, M.N. Srinivasan "A Text book of Practical Physics"- S Chand Publishers, 2017.

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNCATION SKILL LAB

#### I-B. Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2EN113HS

L T P C - - 2 1

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. Facilitate computer-assisted multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent languagelearning.
- 2. Enhance English language skills, communication skills and to practice soft skills.
- 3. Improve fluency and pronunciation intelligibility by providing an opportunity for practice in speaking.
- 4. Train students in different interview and public speaking skills such as JAM, debate, role play, groupdiscussion etc.
- 5. Instill confidence and make them competent enough to express fluently and neutralize their mother tongueinfluence.

#### COURSE OUTCOMES: Students will be able to attain

- 1. Recognize differences among various accents and speak with neutralized accent.
- 2. Neutralization of accent for intelligibility
- 3. Take part in group activities.
- 4. Speaking skills with clarity and confidence which in turn enhances their employability
- 5. Generate dialogues for various situations.

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB (ELCS) SHALLHAVE TWO PARTS:

A. COMPUTER ASSISTED LANGUAGE LEARNING (CALL) LAB

B. INTERACTIVE COMMUNICATION SKILLS (ICS) LAB

#### **LISTENING SKILLS:**

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

1. To enable students develop their listening skills so that they may appreciate its role in the LSRW skillsapproach to language and improve their pronunciation.

2. To equip students with necessary training in listening so that they can comprehend the speech of people of different backgrounds and regions.

Students should be given practice in listening to the sounds of the language, to be able to recognize them and find the distinction between different sounds, to be able to mark stress and recognize and use the right intonationin sentences.

- Listening for general content
- Listening to fill up information
- Intensive listening
- Listening for specific information

#### **SPEAKING SKILLS:**

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

1. To involve students in speaking activities in various contexts

2. To enable students express themselves fluently and appropriately in social and professional contexts

- Oral practice: Just A Minute (JAM) Sessions
  - Describing objects/situations/people
  - Role play Individual/Group activities

## EXERCISE – I

#### CALL Lab:

*Understand:* Listening Skill- Its importance – Purpose- Process- Types- Barriers of Listening. *Practice:* Introduction to Phonetics – Speech Sounds – Vowels and Consonants.

#### ICS Lab:

Understand: Communication at Work Place- Spoken vs. Written language.

*Practice:* Ice-Breaking Activity and JAM Session- Situational Dialogues – Greetings – Taking Leave –Introducing Oneself and Others.

#### EXERCISE – II

#### CALL Lab:

*Understand:* Structure of Syllables – Word Stress and Rhythm– Weak Forms and Strong Forms inContext.

Practice: Basic Rules of Word Accent - Stress Shift - Weak Forms and Strong Forms in Context.

#### ICS Lab:

Understand: Features of Good Conversation - Non-verbal Communication.

*Practice:* Situational Dialogues – Role-Play- Expressions in Various Situations –Making Requests and Seeking Permissions - Telephone Etiquette.

#### **EXERCISE - III**

#### CALL Lab:

*Understand:* Intonation-Errors in Pronunciation-the Influence of Mother Tongue (MTI). *Practice:* Common Indian Variants in Pronunciation – Differences in British and AmericanPronunciation.

#### ICS Lab:

*Understand:* How to make Formal Presentations. *Practice:* Formal Presentations.

#### EXERCISE - IV

#### CALL Lab:

*Understand:* Listening for General Details. *Practice:* Listening Comprehension Tests.

#### ICS Lab:

*Understand:* Public Speaking – Exposure to Structured Talks. *Practice:* Making a Short Speech – Extempore.

#### EXERCISE – V

#### CALL Lab:

*Understand:* Listening for Specific Details. *Practice:* Listening Comprehension Tests.

#### ICS Lab:

*Understand:* Interview Skills. *Practice:* Mock Interviews

- 1. Whitby, N. Business Benchmark. Cambridge University Press (with CD) 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
- 2. Kumar, S. & Lata, P. (2011). Communication Skills. Oxford University Press.
- 3. Balasubramanian, T. (2008). A Text book of English Phonetics for Indian Students, Macmillan.
- 4. Thorpe, E. (2006). Winning at Interviews, Pearson Education.
- 5. Sethi, J. et al. (2005). A Practical Course in English Pronunciation (with CD), Prentice Hall of India.

## **WEBSITES:**

- 1. https://www.britishcouncil.org
- 2. https://www.bbc.co.uk
- 3. https://www.grammarly.com
- 4. https://www.fluentu.com
- 5. https://www.cambridgeenglish.org/exams-and-tests/business-preliminary
- 6. https://www.cambridgeenglish.org/exams-and-tests/business-vantage

## **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LAB**

I-B. Tech (I-Semester)
Course Code: A2CS114ES

L T P C - - 2 1

[Note:The programs may be executed using any available Open Source/ Freely available IDE Some of the Tools available are: CodeLite: <u>https://codelite.org/</u> Code:Blocks: <u>http://www.codeblocks.org/</u> DevCpp : <u>http://www.bloodshed.net/devcpp.html</u> Eclipse: http://www.eclipse.org This list is not exhaustive and is NOT in any order of preference]

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

To work with an IDE to create, edit, compile, run and debug programs

- 1 To analyze the various steps in program development.
- 2 To develop programs to solve basic problems by understanding basic concepts in C like operators, control statements etc.
- 3 To develop modular, reusable and readable C Programs using the concepts like functions, arrays etc.
- 4 To Write programs using the Dynamic Memory Allocation concept.
- 5 To create, read from and write to text and binary files

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

- 1. formulate the algorithms for simple problems
- 2. translate given algorithms to a working and correct program
- 3. correct syntax errors as reported by the compilers
- 4. identify and correct logical errors encountered during execution
- 5. represent and manipulate data with arrays, strings and structures
- 6. use pointers of different types
- 7. create, read and write to and from simple text and binary files
- 8. modularize the code with functions so that they can be reused

#### **Practice sessions**:

- a. Write a simple program that prints the results of all the operators available in C (including pre/ post increment, bitwise and/or/not, etc.). Read required operand values from standard input.
- b. Write a simple program that converts one given data type to another using auto conversion and casting. Take the values from standard input.
- a. Write a program for finding the max and min from the three numbers.
- b. Write the program for the simple, compound interest.
- c. Write a program that declares Class awarded for a given percentage of marks, where mark = 70% = Distinction. Read percentage from standard input.

d. Write a program that prints a multiplication table for a given number and the number of rows in the table. For example, for a number 5 and rows = 3, the output should be:

e. 5 x 1 = 5

f. 5 x 2 = 10

g. 5 x 3 = 15

h. Write a program that shows the binary equivalent of a given positive number between 0 to 255

#### Expression Evaluation:

a. A building has 10 floors with a floor height of 3 meters each. A ball is dropped from the top of the building. Find the time taken by the ball to reach each floor. (Use the formula  $s = ut+(1/2)at^2$  where u and a are the initial velocity in m/sec (= 0) and acceleration in m/sec^2 (= 9.8 m/s^2)).

b. Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +,-,\*, /, % and use Switch Statement)

c. Write a program that finds if a given number is a prime number

d. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer and test given number is palindrome.

e. A Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.

f. Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.

g. Write a C program to find the roots of a Quadratic equation.

h. Write a C program to calculate the following, where x is a fractional value.

i. 1-x/2 +x^2/4-x^3/6

j. Write a C program to read in two numbers, x and n, and then compute the sum of this geometric progression:

 $1+x+x^2+x^3+...+x^n$ . For example: if n is 3 and x is 5, then the program computes 1+5+25+125. Arrays, Pointers and Functions:

a. Write a C program to find the minimum, maximum and average in an array of integers.

b. Write a function to compute mean, variance, Standard Deviation, sorting of n elements in a single dimension array.

c. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:

d. Addition of Two Matrices

e. Multiplication of Two Matrices

- f. Transpose of a matrix with memory dynamically allocated for the new matrix as row and column counts may not be the same.
- g. Write C programs that use both recursive and non-recursive functions

h. To find the factorial of a given integer.

i. To find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers.

j. To find x^n

k. Write a program for reading elements using a pointer into an array and display the values using the array.

1. Write a program for display values reverse order from an array using a pointer.

m. Write a program through a pointer variable to sum of n elements from an array.

#### Files:

a. Write a C program to display the contents of a file to standard output device.

b. Write a C program which copies one file to another, replacing all lowercase characters with their uppercase equivalents.

c. Write a C program to count the number of times a character occurs in a text file. The file name and the character are supplied as command line arguments.

d. Write a C program that does the following: It should first create a binary file and store 10 integers, where the file name and 10 values are given in the command line. (hint: convert the strings using atoi function) Now the program asks for an index and a value from the user and the value at that index should be changed to the new value in the file. (hint: use fseek function) The program should then read all 10 values and print them back

e. Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file followed by those of the second are put in the third file).

#### Strings:

a. Write a C program to convert a Roman numeral ranging from I to L to its decimal equivalent.

b. Write a C program that converts a number ranging from 1 to 50 to Roman equivalent c. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:

d. To insert a sub-string into a given main string from a given position. e. To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.

f. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not (Spelled same in both directions with or without a meaning like madam, civic, noon, abcba, etc.)

g. Write a C program that displays the position of a character ch in the string S or -1 if S doesn't contain ch.

h. Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

#### Miscellaneous:

- a. Write a menu driven C program that allows a user to enter n numbers and then choose between finding the smallest, largest, sum, or average. The menu and all the choices are to be functions. Use a switch statement to determine what action to take. Display an error message if an invalid choice is entered.
- b. Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers as follows:

1	*	1	1	*
12	* *	23	22	**
123	* * *	456	333	***
			4444	**
				*

Sorting and Searching:

- a. Write a C program that uses non recursive function to search for a Key value in a given b. list of integers using linear search method.
- c. Write a C program that uses non recursive function to search for a Key value in a given

d. sorted list of integers using binary search method. e. Write a C program that implements the Bubble sort method to sort a given list of f. integers in ascending order.

- g. Write a C program that sorts the given array of integers using selection sort in descending order
- h. Write a C program that sorts the given array of integers using insertion sort in ascending order

i. Write a C program that sorts a given array of names

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Jeri R. Hanly and Elliot B.Koffman, Problem solving and Program Design in C 7th Edition, Pearson
- 2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3rd Edition)

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, PHI
- 2. E. Balagurusamy, Computer fundamentals and C, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill
- 3. Yashavant Kanetkar, Let Us C, 18th Edition, BPB
- 4. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16th Impression)
- 5. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 6. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4th Edition
- 7. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill

## SOCIAL INNOVATION

#### I-B. Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2IO101MC

L T P C - - 2 -

## **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

#### **Course Overview**

Social Innovation is an open-ended course to develop social connectedness in engineering students through social awareness and social consciousness. This can be done through live field exposure along with faculty led conceptual presentations, real case reviews, self-study assignments, literature and field survey. Through this course, the students are expected to use their engineering knowledge to provide innovative solutions to existing social problems. This course also develops critical thinking ability among the students to develop sustainable solutions.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Develop awareness on social issues faced by local regions.
- 2. Identify the mind set of human Race and interpret the societal issues as simple, complicated, and
- 3. Complex problems.
- 4. Identify the need statement along with its main causes and effects.
- 5. Develop an innovative and sustainable solution for social issues by thinking critically and creatively

#### UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL INNOVATION

Introduction to Social Innovation: Core definitions, core elements and common features of social innovation, a typology of social innovation, awakening social consciousness.

#### UNIT – II CREATE MINDSETS AND WICKED PROBLEMS

Create Mindsets and Wicked Problems: Seven mindsets – Empathy, Optimism, Iteration, Creative confidence, making it, embracing ambiguity, learning from failures. Distinguish between simple, complicated, and complex problems; describe the characteristics of wicked problems, breakdown a given problem by unpacking its complexity.

#### UNIT – III CRITICAL AND CREATIVE THINKING FOR SOCIAL INNOVATION

Critical and Creative Thinking for Social Innovation: Definition, engineering thinking and learning, distinguish between creativity and innovation. Models of Creative thinking. [Appreciative Inquiry (AI), Asset Based Community Development (ABCD) and Concept of Bricolage.]

#### UNIT – IV PROCESS OF SOCIAL INNOVATION

Process of Social Innovation: Community study, develop questionnaire, identifying the causes of a particular problem. Identify needs, record your learning's, Generate ideas, and select promising ideas, prototyping, and testing.

## UNIT – V SOCIAL INNOVATION ACROSS FOUR SECTORS AND STAGES OF INNOVATION

Social Innovation across Four Sectors: The non-profit sector, public sector, the private sector, the informal sector, links between and cross sectors.

Stages of Innovation: Social organizations and enterprises, social movements, social software and open source methods, common patterns of success and failure.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Robin Murray, Julie Caulier-Grice, Geoff Mulgan, "The open book of social innovation: Ways to Design, Develop and Grow Social Innovation", The Young Foundation, 2010.
- 2. Julie Caulier-Grice, Anna Davies, Robert Patrick & Will Norman, The Young Foundation (2012) Social Innovation Overview: A deliverable of the project: "The theoretical, empirical and policy foundations for building social innovation in Europe" (TEPSIE), European Commission – 7th Framework Programme, Brussels: European Commission, DG Research.

- 1. Geoff Mulgan, "Social Innovation: What it is, Why it matters and How it can be accelerated", The Young Foundation, 2007.
- 2. Asset Based Community Development (ABCD) Model http://www.nurturedevelopment.org/assetbased-community-develop
- 3. Diana Whitney & Amanda Trosten-Bloom, "The Power of Appreciative inquiry A Practical Guide to Positive Change", 2nd Edition, Berrett-Koehler Publishers, Inc, 2010.

# I-YEAR (II-SEMESTER)

## ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND ADVANCED CALCULUS

## I-B.Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2MA201BS

L T P C 3 1 - 4

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

The students would be able to learn

- 1. Methods of solving the different equation of first order
- 2. Different methods of solving the differential equations of higher order.
- 3. Concept, properties of Laplace transforms and Solving ordinary differential equations using Laplace transforms techniques.
- 4. The physical quantities involved in engineering field related to vector valued functions.
- 5. The basic properties of vector valued functions and their applications to line, surface and volume integrals.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Whether the given differential equation of first order is exact or not
- 2. Solve higher differential equation and apply the concept of differential equation to real world Problems
- 3. Use the Laplace Transform techniques for solving ODE's.
- 4. Evaluate the line, surface and volume integrals and converting them from one to another.
- 5. Apply Green, Gauss, and Stokes theorem to the integrals.

#### UNIT –I FIRST ORDER ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

Exact, linear and Bernoulli's equations: Orthogonal Trajectories (in Cartesian and polar coordinates) Newton's law of cooling, Law of natural growth and decay.

#### UNIT –II ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS OF HIGHER ORDER

Second order linear differential equations with constant coefficients: Non-Homogeneous terms of the type  $e^{ax}$ , sin ax, cos ax, polynomials in x, (x) and x (x); method of Variation of parameters; Equations reducible to linear ODE with constant coefficients: Legendre's equation, Cauchy-Euler equation .Application to Electrical circuits.

#### UNIT –III LAPLACE TRANSFORMS

Laplace Transform of standard functions; first shifting theorem, Second shifting theorem: Laplace transforms of functions when they are multiplied and divided by t. Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals of function; Evaluation of integrals by Laplace transforms; Laplace transforms of Specific functions(Unit step function, Unit impulsive function); Laplace transform of Periodic functions.

Inverse Laplace transform by different methods, Convolution theorem (without Proof), Solving ODEs by Laplace Transform method.

#### UNIT –IV VECTOR DIFFERENTIATION

Vector point functions and Scalar point functions. Gradient, Divergence and Curl. Directional derivatives, Tangent plane and normal line. Vector Identities. Scalar potential functions. Solenoidal and Irrotational vectors.

#### UNIT-V VECTOR INTEGRATION

Line, Surface and Volume Integrals. Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes theorems (statement & their verification)

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010
- 2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006
- 3. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9thEdition, Pearson, Reprint,

- 1. Paras Ram, Engineering Mathematics, 2nd Edition, CBS Publishes
- 2. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India, 1984.
- 3. Advance engineering mathematics by RK Jain & S.R.K.Iyengar 3<sup>rd</sup> edition Narosa publishing house Delhi.

## **ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

#### I-B. Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2CH202BS

L T P C 3 1 - 4

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To bring adaptability to new developments in Engineering Chemistry and to acquire the skills required to become a perfect engineer.
- 2. To include the importance of water in industrial usage, fundamental aspects of battery chemistry, significance of corrosion it's control to protect the structures.
- 3. To imbibe the basic concepts of petroleum and its products.
- 4. To acquire required knowledge about engineering materials like cement, smart materials and Lubricants.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:** Student must be able to

- 1. Students will acquire the basic knowledge of electrochemical procedures related to corrosion and its control.
- 2. The students are able to understand the basic properties of water and its usage in domestic and industrial purposes.
- 3. They can learn the fundamentals and general properties of polymers and other engineering materials.
- 4. They can predict potential applications of chemistry and practical utility in order to become good engineers and entrepreneurs.

#### UNIT - I: WATER AND ITS TREATMENT

Introduction to hardness of water – Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method and related numerical problems. Potable water and its specifications - Steps involved in the treatment of potable water - Disinfection of potable water by chlorination and break - point chlorination. Defluoridation- Determination of F-ion by ion- selective electrode method.

Boiler troubles: Sludges, Scales and Caustic embrittlement. Internal treatment of Boiler feed water - Calgon conditioning - Phosphate conditioning - Colloidal conditioning, External treatment methods - Softening of water by ion- exchange processes. Desalination of water – Reverse osmosis.

#### UNIT - II: BATTERY CHEMISTRY & CORROSION

Introduction - Classification of batteries- primary, secondary and reserve batteries with examples. Basic requirements for commercial batteries. Construction, working and applications of: Zn-air and Lithium ion battery, Applications of Li-ion battery to electrical vehicles. Fuel Cells- Differences between battery and a fuel cell, Construction and applications of Methanol- Oxygen fuel cell and Solid oxide fuel cell. Solar cells - Introduction and applications of Solar cells.

**Corrosion:** Causes and effects of corrosion – theories of chemical and electrochemical corrosion – mechanism of electrochemical corrosion, Types of corrosion: Galvanic, water-line and pitting corrosion. Factors affecting rate of corrosion, Corrosion control methods- Cathodic protection – Sacrificial anode and impressed current methods.

#### UNIT - III: POLYMERIC MATERIALS

Definition – Classification of polymers with examples – Types of polymerization – addition (free radical addition) and condensation polymerization with examples – Nylon 6:6, Terylene

**Plastics:** Definition and characteristics- thermoplastic and thermosetting plastics, Preparation, Properties and engineering applications of PVC and Bakelite, Teflon, Fiber reinforced plastics (FRP).

Rubbers: Natural rubber and its vulcanization.

Elastomers: Characteristics - preparation - properties and applications of Buna-S, Butyl and Thiokol rubber.

**Conducting polymers:** Characteristics and Classification with examples-mechanism of conduction in transpolyacetylene and applications of conducting polymers.

Biodegradable polymers: Concept and advantages - Polylactic acid and poly vinyl alcohol and their applications.

#### **UNIT - IV: ENERGY SOURCES**

Introduction, Calorific value of fuel – HCV, LCV- Dulongs formula. Classification- solid fuels: coal – analysis of coal – proximate and ultimate analysis and their significance. Liquid fuels – petroleum and its refining, cracking types – moving bed catalytic cracking. Knocking – octane and cetane rating, synthetic petrol - Fischer-Tropsch's process; Gaseous fuels – composition and uses of natural gas, LPG and CNG, Biodiesel – Transesterification, advantages.

#### **UNIT - V: ENGINEERING MATERIALS**

Cement: Portland cement, its composition, setting and hardening

#### Smart materials and their engineering applications

Shape memory materials- Poly L- Lactic acid. Thermoresponse materials- Polyacryl amides, Poly vinyl amides **Lubricants:** Classification of lubricants with examples-characteristics of good lubricants - mechanism of lubrication (thick film, thin film and extreme pressure)- properties of lubricants: viscosity, cloud point, pour point, flash point and fire point.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1) Engineering Chemistry by P.C. Jain and M. Jain, Dhanpatrai Publishing Company, 2010.
- 2) Engineering Chemistry by Rama Devi, Venkata Ramana Reddy and Rath, Cengage learning, 2016.
- 3) A text book of Engineering Chemistry by M. Thirumala Chary, E. Laxminarayana and K Shashikala, Pearson Publications, 2021.
- 4) Textbook of Engineering Chemistry by Jaya Shree Anireddy, Wiley Publications.

- 1. Engineering Chemistry by Shikha Agarwal, Cambridge University Press, Delhi (2015).
- 2. Engineering Chemistry by Shashi Chawla, Dhanpatrai and Company (P) Ltd. Delhi (2011).

## **ENGINEERING GRAPHICS**

#### I-B. Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2ME208ES

L T P C 1 - 4 3

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

- 1. To provide basic concepts in engineering drawing.
- 2. To impart knowledge about standard principles of orthographic projection of objects.
- 3. To draw sectional views and pictorial views of solids.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Preparing working drawings to communicate the ideas and information.
- 2. Read, understand and interpret engineering drawings.

#### **UNIT-I INTRODUCTION**

Introduction to Engineering Drawing: Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance, Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola – General method only. Cycloid, Epicycloid and Hypocycloid, Scales –Plain & Diagonal, Introduction to Computer aided drafting – views, commands and conics

#### **UNIT -II PROJECTIONS**

Projections of Points, Lines and Planes: Principles of Orthographic Projections – Conventions – Projections of Points and Lines, Projections of Plane regular geometric figures. —Auxiliary Planes.

#### UNIT -III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS

Projection of Solids and Sectioned Solids:Projections of Regular Solids – Auxiliary Views - Sections or Sectional views of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary views – Sections of Sphere, , Computer aided projections of solids – sectional views.

#### UNIT -IV DEVELOPMENT OF LATERAL SURFACES

Development of Lateral Surfaces: Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone, , Development of surfaces using computer aided drafting

#### **UNIT-V ISOMETRIC PROJECTIONS**

Isometric Projections: Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views –Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having non- isometric lines. Isometric Projection of Spherical Parts. Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa – Conventions, Conversion of orthographic projection into isometric view using computer aided drafting

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Engineering Drawing N.D. Bhatt / Charotar
- 2. Engineering Drawing / N. S. Parthasarathy and Vela Murali/Oxford

- 1. Engineering Drawing / Basant Agrawal and McAgrawal/ McGraw Hill
- 2. Engineering Drawing/ M. B. Shah, B.C. Rane / Pearson.
- 3. Computer Aided Engineering Drawing K Balaveera Reddy et al CBS Publishers

## **BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

I-B. Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2EE207ES L T P C 2 - - 2

## **INTRODUCTION:**

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1) To understand DC and Single & Three phase AC circuits To study and understand the different types of DC, AC machines and Transformers.
- 2) To import the knowledge of various electrical installations and the concept of power, power factor and its improvement.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:** Students should be able to:

- 1) Understand and analyze basic Electrical circuits
- 2) Study the working principles of Electrical Machines and Transformers
- 3) Introduce components of Low Voltage Electrical Installations.

#### UNIT –I:

D.C. Circuits: Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, KVL&KCL, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation. Superposition, Thevenin and Norton Theorems. Time-domain analysis of first-order RL and RC circuits.

#### UNIT –II:

A.C. Circuits: Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, peak and rms values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor, Analysis of single-phase ac circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC, RLC combinations (series and parallel), resonance in series R-L-C circuit. Three-phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.

#### UNIT –III:

Transformers: Ideal and practical transformer, equivalent circuit, losses in transformers, regulation and efficiency. Auto-transformer and three-phase transformer connections.

#### UNIT –IV:

Electrical Machines: Construction and working principle of dc machine, performance characteristics of dc shunt machine. Generation of rotating magnetic field, Construction and working of a three-phase induction motor, Significance of torque-slip characteristics. Single-phase induction motor, Construction and working. Construction and working of synchronous generator.

#### UNIT -V:

Vocabulary: Technical Vocabulary and their usage Grammar: Common Errors in English Reading: Reading Comprehension-Exercises for Practice . Writing: Technical Reports- Introduction – Characteristics of a Report – Categories of Reports Formats- Structure of Reports (Manuscript Format) - Types of Reports - Writing aReport.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. D.P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2019.

2. MS Naidu and S Kamakshaiah, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2008.

- 1. 1.P. Ramana, M. Suryakalavathi, G.T. Chandrasheker, "Basic Electrical Engineering", S. Chand, 2nd Edition, 2019
- 2. D. C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009
- 3. M. S. Sukhija, T. K. Nagsarkar, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Oxford, 1st Edition, 2012.
- 4. Abhijit Chakrabarthi, Sudipta Debnath, Chandan Kumar Chanda, "Basic Electrical Engineering", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2021.
- 5. L. S. Bobrow, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 6. E. Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson, 2010.
- 7. V. D. Toro, "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", Prentice Hall India,

## **ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS**

#### I-B. Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2EC201ES

L T P C 2 - - 2

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. Introduce Components Such As Diodes, Bjts, and Fets
- 2. To Know The Applications Of Devices
- 3. To Know The Switching Characteristics Of Devices

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:** Upon graduation, the students will be able to:

- 1. Acquire the knowledge of various electronic devices and their use on real life.
- 2. Know the applications of various devices.
- 3. Acquire the knowledge about the role of special purpose devices and their applications.

#### **UNIT-I:**

Diodes: Diode - Static and Dynamic resistances, Equivalent circuit, Diffusion and Transition Capacitances, V-I Characteristics, Diode as a switch- switching times.

#### UNIT-II:

Diode Applications: Rectifier - Half Wave Rectifier, Full Wave Rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, Rectifiers with Capacitive and Inductive Filters, Clippers-Clipping at two independent levels, Clamper-Clamping Circuit Theorem, Clamping Operation, Types of Clampers.

#### UNIT-III:

Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT): Principle of Operation, Common Emitter, Common Base and Common Collector Configurations, Transistor as a switch, switching times,

#### UNIT-IV:

Junction Field Effect Transistor (FET): Construction, Principle of Operation, Pinch-Off Voltage, Volt- Ampere Characteristic, Comparison of BJT and FET, FET as Voltage Variable Resistor, MOSFET, MOSTET as a capacitor.

#### UNIT-V:

Special Purpose Devices: Zener Diode - Characteristics, Zener diode as Voltage Regulator, Principle of Operation - SCR, Tunnel diode, UJT, Varactor Diode, Photo diode, Solar cell, LED, Schottky diode.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**:

- 1. Jacob Millman Electronic Devices and Circuits, McGraw Hill Education
- 2. Robert L. Boylestead, Louis Nashelsky- Electronic Devices and Circuits theory, 11th Edition, 2009, Pearson.

- 1. Horowitz -Electronic Devices and Circuits, David A. Bell 5th Edition, Oxford.
- 2. Chinmoy Saha, Arindam Halder, Debaati Ganguly Basic Electronics-Principles and Applications, Cambridge,

## APPLIED PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY

#### I-B. Tech II-Semester Course Code: A2CS202ES

L T P C 0 1 2 2

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

To learn

- 1. To install and run the Python interpreter
- 2. To learn control structures.
- 3. To Understand Lists, Dictionaries in python
- 4. To Handle Strings and Files in Python

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Develop the application specific codes using python.
- 2. Understand Strings, Lists, Tuples and Dictionaries in Python
- 3. Verify programs using modular approach, file I/O, Python standard library
- 4. Implement Digital Systems using Python

Note: The lab experiments will be like the following experiment examples

## Week -1:

- 1. i) Use a web browser to go to the Python website http://python.org. This page contains information about Python and links to Python-related pages, and it gives you the ability to search the Python documentation.
- ii) Start the Python interpreter and type help() to start the online help utility.
- 2.Start a Python interpreter and use it as a Calculator. .
- 3
- .i) Write a program to calculate compound interest when principal, rate and number of periods are given.
- ii) Given coordinates (x1, y1), (x2, y2) find the distance between two points
- 4. Read name, address, email and phone number of a person through keyboard and print the details.

#### Week - 2:

1.Print the below triangle using for loop.

- 5
- 44
- 333
- 2222
- 1 1111
- 2. Write a program to check whether the given input is digit or lowercase character or uppercase Character or a special character (use 'if-else-if' ladder)
- 3. Python Program to Print the Fibonacci sequence using while loop
- 4. Python program to print all prime numbers in a given interval (use break)

#### Week - 3:

- 1. i) Write a program to convert a list and tuple into arrays.
  - ii) Write a program to find common values between two arrays.
- 2. Write a function called gcd that takes parameters a and b and returns their greatest common divisor.
- 3. Write a function called palindrome that takes a string argument and returnsTrue if it is a palindrome and False otherwise. Remember that you can use the built-in function len to check the length of a string.

#### Week - 4:

- 1. Write a function called is sorted that takes a list as a parameter and returns True if the list is sorted n ascending order and False otherwise.
- 2. Write a function called has duplicates that takes a list and returns True if there is any element that appears more than once. It should not modify the original list.
  - i).Write a function called remove\_duplicates that takes a list and returns a new list with only the unique elements from the original. Hint: they don't have to be in the same order.

- ii).The wordlist I provided, words.txt, doesn't contain single letter words. So you might want to add "I", "a", and the empty string.
- iii).Write a python code to read dictionary values from the user. Construct a function to invert its content. i.e., keys should be values and values should be keys.
- 3.
- i) Add a comma between the characters. If the given word is 'Apple', it should become 'A,p,p,l,e' ii)Remove the given word in all the places in a string?
- iii)Write a function that takes a sentence as an input parameter and replaces the first letter of every word with the corresponding upper case letter and the rest of the letters in the word by corresponding letters in lower case without using a built-in function?
- 4. Writes a recursive function that generates all binary strings of n-bit length

#### Week - 5:

- 1. i) Write a python program that defines a matrix and prints
  - ii)Write a python program to perform addition of two square matrices

iii)Write a python program to perform multiplication of two square matrices

- 2. How do you make a module? Give an example of construction of a module using different geometrical shapes and operations on them as its functions.
- 3. Use the structure of exception handling all general purpose exceptions.

#### Week-6:

- 1.
  - a. Write a function called draw\_rectangle that takes a Canvas and a Rectangle as arguments and draws a representation of the Rectangle on the Canvas.
  - b.Add an attribute named color to your Rectangle objects and modify draw\_rectangle so that it uses the color attribute as the fill color.
  - c. Write a function called draw\_point that takes a Canvas and a Point as arguments and draws a Representation of the Point on the Canvas.
  - D.Define a new class called Circle with appropriate attributes and instantiate a few Circle objects. Write a function called draw\_circle that draws circles on the canvas.
- 2. Write a Python program to demonstrate the usage of Method Resolution Order (MRO) in multiple levels of Inheritances.
- 3. Write a python code to read a phone number and email-id from the user and validate it for correctness.

#### Week-7

- 1. Write a Python code to merge two given file contents into a third file.
- 2. Write a Python code to open a given file and construct a function to check for given words present in it and display on found.
- 3. Write a Python code to Read text from a text file, find the word with most number of occurrences
- 4. Write a function that reads a file file1 and displays the number of words, number of vowels, blank spaces, lower case letters and uppercase letters.

#### Week - 8:

- 1. Import numpy, Plotpy and Scipy and explore their functionalities.
- 2. a) Install NumPy package with pip and explore it.
- 3. Write a program to implement Digital Logic Gates AND, OR, NOT, EX-OR
- 4. Write a program to implement Half Adder, Full Adder, and Parallel Adder
- 5. Write a GUI program to create a window wizard having two text labels, two text fields and two buttons as Submit and Reset.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Supercharged Python: Take your code to the next level, Overland
- 2. Learning Python, Mark Lutz, O'reilly

- 1. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson
- 2. Python Programming A Modular Approach with Graphics, Database, Mobile, and Web Applications, Sheetal Taneja, Naveen Kumar, Pearson
- 3. Programming with Python, A User's Book, Michael Dawson, Cengage Learning, India Edition
- 4. Think Python, Allen Downey, Green Tea Press
- 5. Core Python Programming, W. Chun, Pearson
- 6. Introduction to Python, Kenneth A. Lambert, Cengage

## **ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB**

#### I-B. Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2CH210BS

L T P C - - 2 1

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

The course consists of experiments related to the principles of chemistry required for engineering student. The student will learn:

- 1. Students are able to perform estimations of acids and bases using conductometry, potentiometry.
- 2. Students will learn to prepare polymers such as Bakelite and Thiokol Rubber in the laboratory.
- 3. Students will learn skills related to the lubricant properties such as saponification value, surfacetension and viscosity of oils.
- 4. Estimation of hardness of water to check its suitability for drinking purpose.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:** The experiments will make the student must able to:

- 1. Determination of parameters like hardness of water and rate of corrosion of mild steel in various conditions.
- 2. Able to perform methods such as conductometry, potentiometry in order to find out the concentrations or equivalence points of acids and bases.
- 3. Students are able to prepare polymers like bakelite and Thiokol Rubber.
- 4. Estimations saponification value, surface tension and viscosity of lubricant oils.

## **LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

#### **1. Volumetric Analysis:**

**1.**Estimation of Hardness of water by EDTA Complexometry method.

#### **1I. Conductometry Analysis:**

1. Estimation of the concentration of an acid by Conductometry.

#### **III. Potentiometry:**

**1.**Estimation of the amount of Fe+2 by Potentiomentry.

## **IV. P**<sup>H</sup> metry:

1.Determination of an acid concentration using pH meter.

#### **V. Preparations:**

- 1. Preparation of Bakelite.
- 2. Preparation Thiokol Rubber.

#### **VI. Lubricants:**

- 1. Estimation of acid value of given lubricant oil.
- 2. Estimation of Viscosity of lubricant oil using Ostwald's Viscometer.

#### **VII. Corrosion:**

1. Determination of rate of corrosion of mild steel in the presence and absence of inhibitor.

#### **VIII. Virtual Lab Experiments:**

- 1. Construction of Fuel cell and its working.
- 2. Smart materials for Biomedical applications
- 3. Batteries for electrical vehicles.
- 4. Functioning of solar cell and its applications.

- 1. Lab manual for Engineering chemistry by B. Ramadevi and P. Aparna, S Chand Publications, New Delhi
- 2. Vogel's text book of practical organic chemistry 5th edition
- 3. Inorganic Quantitative analysis by A.I. Vogel, ELBS Publications.
- 4. College Practical Chemistry by V.K. Ahluwalia, Narosa Publications Ltd. New Delhi (2007).

## **BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB**

I-B. Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2EE215ES L T P C - - 2 1

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

The course should enable the students to:

- 1. To measure the electrical parameters for different types of DC and AC circuits using conventional and theorems approach
- 2. To study the transient response of various R, L and C circuits using different Excitations.
- 3. To determine the performance of different types of DC, AC machines and Transformers

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Verify the basic Electrical circuits through different experiments.

- 1. Evaluate the performance calculations of Electrical Machines and Transformers through
- 2. various testing methods. Analyze the transient responses of R, L and C circuits for different input conditions

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS/DEMONSTRATIONS:

#### PART- A (compulsory)

- 1. Verification of KVL and KCL
- 2. Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's theorem
- 3. Transient Response of Series RL and RC circuits for DC excitation
- 4. Resonance in series RLC circuit
- 5. Calculations and Verification of Impedance and Current of RL, RC and RLC series circuits
- 6. Measurement of Voltage, Current and Real Power in primary and Secondary Circuits of a Single-Phase Transformer
- 7. Performance Characteristics of a DC Shunt Motor
- 8. Torque-Speed Characteristics of a Three-phase Induction Motor.

#### PART-B (any two experiments from the given list)

- 1. Verification of Superposition theorem.
- 2. Three Phase Transformer: Verification of Relationship between Voltages and Currents (Star-Delta, Delta-Delta, Delta-star, Star-Star)
- 3. Load Test on Single Phase Transformer (Calculate Efficiency and Regulation)
- 4. Measurement of Active and Reactive Power in a balanced Three-phase circuit
- 5. No-Load Characteristics of a Three-phase Alternator

#### **TEXT BOOKS**:

- 4. D.P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2019.
- 5. MS Naidu and S Kamakshaiah, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2008.

- 1. 1.P. Ramana, M. Suryakalavathi, G.T.Chandrasheker,"Basic Electrical Engineering", S. Chand,2nd Edition, 2019. 2. D. C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009
- 2. M. S. Sukhija, T. K. Nagsarkar, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Oxford, 1st Edition, 2012.
- 3. Abhijit Chakrabarthi, Sudipta Debnath, Chandan Kumar Chanda, "Basic Electrical Engineering", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2021.
- 4. L. S. Bobrow, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 5. E. Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson, 2010.
- 6. V. D. Toro, "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", Prentice Hall India, 1989.

## **IT WORKSHOP LAB**

## I-B.Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2CS212ES

## L T P C - - 2 1

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

The IT Workshop for engineers is a training lab course spread over 60 hours. The modules include training on PC Hardware, Internet & World Wide Web and Productivity tools including Word, Excel, Power Point and Publisher.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- Perform Hardware troubleshooting
- Understand Hardware components and inter dependencies
- Safeguard computer systems from viruses/worms
- Document/ Presentation preparation

**PC HARDWARE:** Introduces the students to a personal computer and its basic peripherals, the process of assembling a personal computer, installation of system software like MS Windows, Linux and the required device drivers. In addition hardware and software level troubleshooting process, tips and tricks would be covered. The students should work on working PC to disassemble and assemble to working condition and install Windows and Linux on the same PC. Students are suggested to work similar tasks in the Laptop scenario wherever possible. Internet & World Wide Web module introduces the different ways of hooking the PC on to the internet from home and workplace and effectively usage of the internet. Usage of web browsers, email, newsgroups and discussion forums would be covered. In addition, awareness of cyber hygiene, i.e., protecting the personal computer from getting infected with the viruses, worms and other cyber-attacks would be introduced. Productivity tools module would enable the students in crafting professional word documents, excel spread sheets, power point presentations and personal web sites using the Microsoft suite of office tools and LaTeX.

**Task 1**: Identify the peripherals of a computer, components in a CPU and its functions. Draw the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral and submit to your instructor.

**Task 2:** Every student should disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition. Lab instructors should verify the work and follow it up with a Viva. Also students need to go through the video which shows the process of assembling a PC. A video would be given as part of the course content.

**Task 3**: Every student should individually install MS windows on the personal computer. Lab instructor should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva.

**Task 4**: Every student should install Linux on the computer. This computer should have windows installed. The system should be configured as dual boot with both windows and Linux. Lab instructors should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva

**Task 5:** Hardware Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a PC which does not boot due to improper assembly or defective peripherals. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition. The work done should be verified by the instructor and followed up with a Viva.

**Task 6**: Software Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a malfunctioning CPU due to system software problems. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition. The work done should be verified by the instructor and followed up with a Viva.

#### Internet & World Wide Web

**Task1: Orientation & Connectivity Boot Camp**: Students should get connected to their Local Area Network and access the Internet. In the process they configure the TCP/IP setting. Finally students should demonstrate, to the instructor, how to access the websites and email. If there is no internet connectivity preparations need to be made by the instructors to simulate the WWW on the LAN.

**Task 2: Web Browsers, Surfing the Web:** Students customize their web browsers with the LAN proxy settings, bookmarks, search toolbars and pop up blockers. Also, plug-ins like Macromedia Flash and JRE for applets should be configured.

**Task 3: Search Engines & Netiquette**: Students should know what search engines are and how to use the search engines. A few topics would be given to the students for which they need to search on Google. This should be demonstrated to the instructors by the student.

**Task 4: Cyber Hygiene**: Students would be exposed to the various threats on the internet and would be asked to configure their computer to be safe on the internet. They need to first install an antivirus software, configure their personal firewall and windows update on their computer. Then they need to customize their browsers to block pop ups, block active x downloads to avoid viruses and/or worms.

## LaTeX and WORD

**Task 1 – Word Orientation**: The mentor needs to give an overview of LaTeX and Microsoft (MS) office 2007/ equivalent (FOSS) tool word: Importance of LaTeX and MS office 2007/ equivalent (FOSS) tool Word as word Processors, Details of the four tasks and features that would be covered in each, Using LaTeX and word – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving files, Using help and resources, rulers, format painter in word.

**Task 2: Using LaTeX and Word**: to create project certificate. Features to be covered:- Formatting Fonts in word, Drop Cap in word, Applying Text effects, Using Character Spacing, Borders and Colors, Inserting Header and Footer, Using Date and Time option in both LaTeX and Word.

**Task 3: Creating project abstract Features to be covered**: Formatting Styles, Inserting table, Bullets and Numbering, Changing Text Direction, Cell alignment, Footnote, Hyperlink, Symbols, Spell Check, Track Changes.

**Task 4 : Creating a Newsletter : Features to be covered**: Table of Content, Newspaper columns, Images from files and clipart, Drawing toolbar and Word Art, Formatting Images, Textboxes, Paragraphs and Mail Merge in word.

## Excel

**Excel Orientation**: The mentor needs to tell the importance of MS office 2007/ equivalent (FOSS) tool Excel as a Spreadsheet tool, give the details of the four tasks and features that would be covered in each. Using Excel – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving excel files, Using help and resources.

**Task 1: Creating a Scheduler**: Features to be covered: Gridlines, Format Cells, Summation, auto fill, Formatting Text

**Task 2 : Calculating GPA:** Features to be covered:- Cell Referencing, Formulae in excel – average, std. deviation, Charts, Renaming and Inserting worksheets, Hyper linking, Count function, LOOKUP/VLOOKUP **Task 3: Performance Analysis**: Features to be covered:- Split cells, freeze panes, group and outline, Sorting, Boolean and logical operators, Conditional formatting

## LaTeX and MS/equivalent (FOSS) tool Power Point

**Task 1:** Students will be working on basic power point utilities and tools which help them create basic power point presentation. Topic covered during this week includes: - PPT Orientation, Slide Layouts, Inserting Text, Word Art, Formatting Text, Bullets and Numbering, Auto Shapes, Lines and Arrows in both LaTeX and PowerPoint. Students will be given model power point presentation which needs to be replicated (exactly how it's asked).

**Task 2:** Second week helps students in making their presentations interactive. Topic covered during this week includes: Hyperlinks, Inserting –Images, Clip Art, Audio, Video, Objects, Tables and Charts.

**Task 3:** Concentrating on the in and out of Microsoft power point and presentations in LaTeX. Helps them learn best practices in designing and preparing power point presentation. Topic covered during this week includes: - Master Layouts (slide, template, and notes), Types of views (basic, presentation, slide slotter, notes etc), and Inserting – Background, textures, Design Templates, Hidden slides.

- 1. Comdex Information Technology course tool kit Vikas Gupta, WILEY Dreamtech
- 2. The Complete Computer upgrade and repair book, 3rd edition Cheryl A Schmidt, WILEY Dreamtech
- 3. Introduction to Information Technology, ITL Education Solutions limited, Pearson Education.
- 4. PC Hardware A Handbook Kate J. Chase PHI (Microsoft)
- 5. LaTeX Companion Leslie Lamport, PHI/Pearson.
- 6. IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Companion Guide Third Edition by David Anfinson and Ken Quamme. CISCO Press, Pearson Education.
- IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Labs and Study Guide Third Edition by Patrick Regan CISCO Press, Pearson Education.

## **ENGINEERING EXPLORATION**

#### I-B. Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2IO202MC

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

The course should enable the students to:

- 1. Understand the Engineering attributes and Ethics.
- 2. Identify the community problem and its stakeholder.
- 3. Examine required specifications and gap in existing and required product.
- 4. Build sustaining interactions among people that create social value by transforming ideas intotangible products, services, or initiatives.
- 5. Develop skills to work collaboratively, reports and progress updates throughout the lifecycle of the project.

## UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING AND ENGINEERING EXPLORATION

Engineering Projects in Community Service, Design Thinking Process-Empathize, Define, Ideate, Prototype, Test.

**Engineering Ethics:** Introduction to ethics, moral values, significance of professional ethics, code of conduct for engineers, identify ethical dilemmas in different tasks of engineering, applying moral theories and codes of conduct for resolution of ethical dilemmas.

#### **UNIT-II: PROBLEM IDENTIFICATION**

Authentic need in the community or society. Identify a real user or stake holder, Interaction with Stakeholders, Viewpoints, Interviewing, Scenario.

#### UNIT-III: SPECIFICATION DEVELOPMENT

Clear and measurable requirements, criteria for success, Identifying relevant benchmarks, identifying the gap between the available and required products, requirements documentation.

#### UNIT-IV: CONCEPTUAL DESIGN

Ideation-generated multiple ideas, evaluation of ideas, systems model, Architectural Design, prototype development, testing real/simulated users, feedback.

#### UNIT-V: PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Importance of team work, importance of project life cycle, project management, tools, various toolsused in electronics documentation, importance of communication, usage of communication media.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach, Roger S. Pressman, 7th Edition, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Software Engineering, Sommerville Ian, 7th Edition, Pearson Education.
- 3. EPICS Design Process <u>https://sharepoint.ecn.purdue.edu/epics/teams/Public%20</u>Documents/EPICS\_ Design\_Proces s.pdf
- 4. Examples of good practice in Special Needs Education & Community Based Programs, UNESCO PRESS.
- 5. Project Management, GRY R. Heerkens, McGraw-Hill

L T P C - - 2 -

## II-YEAR (I-SEMESTER)

## **DISCRETE MATHEMATICS**

II-B.Tech (I-Semester)						
<b>Course Code:</b>	A2IO301BS					

L	Т	Р	С	
3	-	-	3	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To help students understand discrete and continuous mathematical structures
- 2. To impart basics of relations and functions
- 3. To facilitate students in applying principles of Recurrence Relations to calculate generating functions and solve the Recurrence relations
- 4. To acquire knowledge in graph theory

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Apply the knowledge of discrete and continuous mathematical structures.
- 2. Solve various problems on relations and functions.
- 3. Apply the principles of Recurrence Relations to generate functions and solve various problems on it.
- 4. Solve problems using the knowledge of graph theory.

#### UNIT-I: MATHEMATICAL LOGIC

Statements and notations, Connectives, Well-formed formulas, Truth Tables, Tautology, Equivalence implication, Normal forms, Logical Inference, Rules of inference, Direct Method, Direct Method using CP(Conditional Proof), Consistency, Proof of contradiction, Automatic Theorem Proving. Quantifiers, Universal quantifiers. Predicates: Predicative logic, Free & Bound variables.

#### **UNIT-II: RELATIONS**

Introduction to set theory, Relations, Properties of Binary Relations, Equivalence Relation, Transitive closure, Compatibility and Partial ordering relations, Lattices, Hasse diagram. Functions: inverse Function, Composition of functions, Recursive Functions

#### UNIT-III: ELEMENTARY COMBINATORICS

Basis of counting, Combinations & Permutations, Enumeration of Combinations and Permutations, Enumeration of Combinations and Permutations With repetitions, Enumerating Permutations with Constrained repetitions, Binomial Coefficients, Binomial and Multinomial theorems, The principles of Inclusion – Exclusion, Pigeon- hole principles and its applications.

#### UNIT-IV: RECURRENCE RELATION

Generating Functions, Function of Sequences, Calculating Coefficient of generating function, Recurrence relations, Solving recurrence relation by substitution and Generating functions, The method of Characteristics roots, Solution of Inhomogeneous Recurrence Relation.

#### UNIT-V: GRAPHS

Basic Concepts, Isomorphism and Sub graphs, Trees and their properties, Spanning Trees- DFS,BFS, Minimal Spanning Trees- Prims, Kruskal's Algorithm, Planar Graphs, Euler's Formula, Multi graph and Euler circuits, Hamiltonian Graphs, Chromatic number.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. T1. Discrete Mathematics for computer scientists & Mathematicians, J.L. Mott, A. Kandel, T.P. Baker PHI
- 2. Discrete Mathematical Structures With Applications to Computer Science, JP Tremblay, R Manohar

#### **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. R1. Logic and Discrete Mathematics, Grass Man & Trembley, Pearson Education.

## **DIGITAL ELECTRONICS**

## II-B.Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2IO302ES

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To understand basic number systems, codes and logical gates.
- 2. To understand the concepts of Boolean algebra.
- 3. To understand the use of minimization logic to solve the Boolean logic expressions..
- 4. To understand the design of combinational and sequential circuits.
- 5. To understand the state reduction methods for Sequential circuits.
- 6. To understand the basics of various types of memories.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the Course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Able to understand number systems and codes.
- 2. Able to solve Boolean expressions using Minimization methods.
- 3. Able to design the sequential and combinational circuits.
- 4. Able to apply state reduction methods to solve sequential circuits.

#### **UNIT-I:**

Digital Systems, Binary Numbers, Number base conversions, Octal, Hexadecimal and other base numbers, complements, signed binary numbers, Floating point number representation, binary codes, Error detection and correction, binary storage and registers, binary logic, Boolean algebra and logic gates, Basic theorems and properties of Boolean Algebra, Boolean functions, canonical and standard forms, Digital Logic Gates.

#### UNIT-II:

Gate–Level Minimization, The K-Map Method, Three-Variable Map, Four-Variable Map, Five-Variable Map, sum of products, product of sums simplification, Don't care conditions, NAND and NOR implementation and other two level implementations, Exclusive-OR function.

#### UNIT-III:

.Combinational Circuits (CC), Analysis procedure, Design Procedure, Combinational circuit for different code converters and other problems, Binary Adder-Subtractor, Decimal Adder, Binary Multiplier, Magnitude Comparator, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers, Demultiplexers.

#### UNIT-IV:

Synchronous Sequential Circuits, Latches, Flip-flops, analysis of clocked sequential circuits, Registers, Shift registers, Ripple counters, Synchronous counters, other counters. Asynchronous Sequential Circuits - Introduction, Analysis procedure, Circuits with latches, Design procedure, Reduction of state and follow tables, Race- free state assignment, Hazards

#### UNIT-V:

Memory: Introduction, Random-Access memory, Memory decoding, ROM, Programmable Logic Array, Programmable Array Logic, Sequential programmable devices. Register Transfer and Microoperations - Register Transfer Language, Register Transfer, Bus and Memory Transfers, Arithmetic Microoperations, Logic Microoperations, Shift Microoperations, Arithmetic Logic Shift Unit.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Digital Design, M. Morris Mano, M.D.Ciletti, 5th edition, Pearson.(Units I, II, III, IV, Part of Unit V)

2. Computer System Architecture, M.Morris Mano, 3rd edition, Pearson.(Part of Unit V)

- 1. Switching and Finite Automata Theory, Z. Kohavi, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Fundamentals of Logic Design, C. H. Roth, L. L. Kinney, 7th edition, Cengage Learning.
- 3. Fundamentals of Digital Logic & Micro Computer Design, 5TH Edition, M. Rafiquzzaman, John Wiley.

## **DATA STRUCTURES**

#### II-B.Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2IO303PC

## L T P C 3 - - 3

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. Impart the basic concepts of data structures and algorithms.
- 2. Understand concepts linked lists and their applications.
- 3. Understand basic concepts about stacks, queues and their applications.
- 4. Understand basic concepts of trees, graphs and their applications.
- 5. Enable them to write algorithms for sorting and searching and hashing.
- 6. Use advanced data structures like B-Trees, AVL-trees etc., for efficient problem solving.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- 1. Evaluate algorithms in terms of time and memory complexity.
- 2. Formulate new solutions for problems or improve existing code using data structures and algorithms.
- 3. Implement basic data structures such as arrays, linked lists, stacks and queues.
- 4. Solve problem involving graphs, trees and heaps
- 5. Apply Algorithms for solving problems like sorting, searching, and hashing.
- 6. Implement advanced data structures such as B-Trees, Red-Black, and AVTrees

#### UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION TO DATA STRUCTURES

**Basic concepts**- Algorithm Specification-Introduction, Recursive algorithms, Data Abstraction, Performance analysis- time complexity and space complexity, Asymptotic Notation-Big O,Omega and Theta notations, **Introduction to Linear and Non Linear data structures**-Singly Linked Lists-Operations-Insertion, Deletion, Concatenating singly linked lists, Circularly linked lists-Operations for Circularly linked lists, Doubly Linked Lists-Operations- Insertion, Deletion. Representation of single, two dimensional arrays, sparse matrices-array and linked representations.

#### UNIT-II: STACKS AND QUEUES

**Stacks**-Stack ADT, definition, operations, array and linked implementations in C, applications-infix to postfix conversion, Postfix expression evaluation, recursion implementation,

**Queues**-Queue ADT, definition and operations, array and linked Implementations in C, Circular queues-Insertion and deletion operations, Dequeue (Double ended queue) ADT, array and linked implementations in C.

#### UNIT-III: TREES AND GRAPHS

**Trees** – Terminology, Representation of Trees, Binary tree ADT, Properties of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Representations-array and linked representations, Binary Tree traversals, threaded binary trees,

**Max Priority Queue**-ADT-implementation-Max Heap-Definition, Insertion into a Max Heap, Deletion from a Max Heap. Graphs, Introduction, Definition, Terminology, Graph ADT, Graph Representations- Adjacency matrix, Adjacency lists, Graph traversals- DFS and BFS.

#### UNIT-IV: SEARCHING AND SORTING

**Searching**- Linear Search, Binary Search, Static Hashing-Introduction, hash tables, hash functions, Overflow Handling.

**Sorting**-Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Radix Sort, Quick sort, Merge Sort, Heap Sort, Comparison of Sorting methods.

## UNIT-V: BINARY SEARCH TREES

**Search Trees**-Binary Search Trees, Definition, Operations- Searching, Insertion and Deletion, AVL Trees-Definition and Examples, Insertion into an AVL Tree ,B-Trees, Definition, B-Tree of order m, operations-Insertion and Searching, Introduction to Red-Black and Splay Trees(Elementary treatment-only Definitions and Examples), Comparison of Search Trees.

Pattern matching algorithm- The Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm, Tries (examples only).

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. "Fundamentals of Data Structures", Illustrated Edition by Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Computer Science Press.
- 2. Fundamentals of Data structures in C, 2nd Edition, E.Horowitz, S.Sahni and Susan Anderson-Freed, Universities Press

- 1. Algorithms, Data Structures, and Problem Solving with C++", Illustrated Edition by Mark Allen Weiss, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company
- 2. "How to Solve it by Computer", 2nd Impression by R. G. Dromey, Pearson Education

## **OPERATING SYSTEMS**

## II-B.Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2IO304PC

## L T P C 3 - - 3

#### **COURSEOBJECTIVES:**

#### The course should enable the students to learn:

- 1. To understand the role of OS in the overall computer system and study the operations performed by OS as a resource manager.
- 2. To understand the scheduling policies and different memory management techniques for different operating systems.
- 3. To understand process concurrency and synchronization.
- 4. To understand the concepts of I/O, storage and file management and introduce system call interface for file and process management.
- 5. To introduce the goals and principles of protection

## **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

#### At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- 1. Acquire a High-level understanding of what are an operating system and the role it plays and the services it provides.
- 2. Understand process management concepts including scheduling, synchronization.
- 3. Describe System model for deadlock, Methods for handling deadlocks.
- 4. Understand memory management including virtual memory.
- 5. Acquire Knowledge on issues related to file system interface and implementation.

## UNIT-I

Overview-Introduction-Operating system objectives, User view, System view, Operating system definition, Computer System Organization, Computer System Architecture, OS Structure, OS Operations, Process Management, Memory Management, Storage Management, Protection and Security, Computing Environments.

Operating System services, User and OS Interface, System Calls, Types of System Calls, System Programs, Operating System Design and Implementation, OS Structure.

## UNIT-II

**Process**: Process concepts-The Process, Process State, Process State transitions, Process Control Block, Context Switch.

**Threads:** Definition, Various states, Benefits of threads, Types of threads, Concept of multithreads. **Process Scheduling**: Scheduling Queues, Schedulers, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling algorithms, Multiprocessor Scheduling. Case Studies: Linux, Windows.

#### UNIT-III

**Process Synchronization:** Inter-process Communication: Background, The Critical Section Problem, Race Conditions, Mutual Exclusion, Peterson's solution, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, Classic Problems of Synchronization- Bounded Buffer Problem, The Producer/ Consumer Problem, Reader's & Writer Problem, Dinning Philosopher Problem, Event counters, Monitors, Message passing.

**Deadlocks:** Deadlocks - System Model, Deadlock Characterization: Necessary and sufficient conditions for Deadlock, Methods for Handling Deadlocks: Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, and Recovery from Deadlock.

## UNIT-IV

**Memory Management**: Basic Hardware, Address Binding, Logical and physical address space, Dynamic loading, linking and Shared libraries, Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation- Fixed and variable partition–Internal and External fragmentation and Compaction; Segmentation, Paging- Hardware support for paging, Protection, shared pages, Structure of Page Table. Case Studies: Linux, Windows.

**Virtual Memory Management:** Background, Demand Paging-locality of reference, Page fault; Copy-on-Write, Page replacement, Page Replacement Algorithms, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing.

## UNIT-V

**File Management**: Concept of File - Attributes, operations, file types, internal structure, access methods, Directory structure, file protection, file system structure, Allocation methods (contiguous, linked, indexed), Free-space management (bit vector, linked list, grouping), directory implementation (linear list, hash table), efficiency and performance.

**Disk Management:** Disk structure, Disk scheduling - FCFS, SSTF, SCAN, C-SCAN, Disk formatting-Boot-block, Bad blocks.

Protection: System Protection, Goals of Protection, Principles of Protection.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter B.Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Concepts, 9th Edition, Wiley Asia Student Edition.
- 2. William Stallings, Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 5th Edition, Prentice Hall of India.

- 1. Charles Crowley, Operating System: A Design-oriented Approach, 1st Edition, Irwin Publishing.
- 2. Gary J. Nutt, Addison, Operating Systems: A Modern Perspective, 2nd Edition, Wesley.
- 3. Maurice Bach, Design of the UNIX Operating Systems, 8th Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
- 4. Daniel P. Bovet, Marco Cesati, Understanding the Linux Kernel, 3rd Edition, O'Reilly and Associates.
# SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

#### II-B.Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2IO305PC

# L T P C 3 - - 3

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To provide an understanding of the working knowledge of the techniques for estimation, design, testing and quality management of large software development projects. Topics include process Models, software requirements, software design, software testing
- 2. Software process/product metrics, risk management, quality management and UML diagrams

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Ability to translate end-user requirements into system and software requirements, using e.g. UML, and structure the requirements in a Software Requirements Document (SRD).Identify and apply appropriate software architectures and patterns to carry out high level design of a system and be able to critically compare alternative choices.
- 2. Will have experience and/or awareness of testing problems and will be able to develop a simple testing report

#### UNIT –I

**Introduction to Software Engineering:** The evolving role of software, changing nature of software, software myths. **A Generic view of process:** Software engineering- a layered technology, a process framework, the capability maturity model integration (CMMI), process patterns, process assessment, personal and team process models. **Process models**: The waterfall model, incremental process models, evolutionary process models, the unified process.

#### UNIT –II

**Software Requirements**: Functional and non-functional requirements, user requirements, system requirements, interface specification, the software requirements document. **Requirements engineering process**: Feasibility studies, requirements elicitation and analysis, requirements validation, requirements management. **System models**: Context models, behavioral models, data models, object models, structured methods.

#### UNIT –III

**Design Engineering**: Design process and design quality, design concepts, the design model. **Creating an architectural design**: software architecture, data design, architectural styles and patterns, architectural design, conceptual model of UML, basic structural modeling, class diagrams, sequence diagrams, collaboration diagrams, use case diagrams, component diagrams.

#### UNIT –IV

**Testing Strategies:** A strategic approach to software testing, test strategies for conventional software, black-box and white-box testing, validation testing, system testing, the art of debugging. **Product metrics**: Software quality, metrics for analysis model, metrics for design model, metrics for source code, metrics for testing, metrics for maintenance.

#### UNIT –V

**Metrics for Process and Products:** Software measurement, metrics for software quality. **Risk management:** Reactive Vs proactive risk strategies, software risks, risk identification, risk projection, risk refinement, RMMM, RMMM plan. **Quality Management:** Quality concepts, software quality assurance, software reviews, formal technical reviews, statistical software quality assurance, software reliability, the ISO 9000 quality standards.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach-Roger S. Pressman, 6th edition, Mc Graw Hill International Edition.
- 2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 7th edition, Pearson Education.
- 3. The unified modeling language user guide Grady Booch, James Rambaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Pearson Education.

- 1. Software Engineering, an Engineering approach- James F. Peters, Witold Pedrycz, John Wiley.
- 2. Software Engineering principles and practice- Waman S Jawadekar, McGraw-Hill Companies.
- 3. Fundamentals of object-oriented design using UML Meiler page-Jones: Pearson Education.

# DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LAB

II-B.Tech (I-Semester)
<b>Course Code: A2IO306ES</b>

### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To understands basic number systems, codes and logical gates
- 2. To give understanding of various types of amplifier circuits
- 3. To learn basic techniques for the design of digital circuits and fundamental concepts used in the design of digital systems
- 4. To understand the concepts of combinational logic circuits and sequential circuit

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:** Upon completion of the Course, the students will be able to

- 1. Know the characteristics of various components. Understand the utilization of components.
- 2. Design and analyze small signal amplifier circuits.
- 3. Postulates of Boolean algebra and to minimize combinational functions
- 4. Design and analyze combinational and sequential circuits
- 5. Known about the logic families and realization of logic gates

### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

**WEEK 1:** Realization of Boolean Expressions using Gates

- **WEEK 2:** Design and realization logic gates using universal gates
- **WEEK 3:** Generation of clock using NAND / NOR gates
- WEEK 4: Design a 4 bit Adder / Subtractor
- WEEK 5 Design and realization of a 4 bit gray to Binary and Binary to Gray Converter
- WEEK 6: Design and realization of an 8 bit parallel load and serial out shift register using flip-flops.
- .WEEK 7: Design and realization of a Synchronous and Asynchronous counter using flip-flops
- WEEK 8: Design and realization of Asynchronous counters using flip-flops
- **WEEK 9:** Design and realization of 8x1 MUX using 2x1 MUX
- **WEEK10:** Design and realization of 4 bit comparator
- **WEEK 11:** Design and Realization of a sequence detector-a finite state machine

#### **Major Equipment's required for Laboratories:**

- 1. 5 V Fixed Regulated Power Supply/ 0-5V or more Regulated Power Supply.
- 2. 20 MHz Oscilloscope with Dual Channel.
- 3. Bread board and components/ Trainer Kit.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Switching and Finite Automata Theory - Zvi Kohavi & Niraj K. Jha, 3rd Edition, Cambridge, 2010.

2. Modern Digital Electronics – R. P. Jain, 3rd Edition, 2007- Tata McGraw-Hill

- 1. Digital Design- Morris Mano, PHI, 4th Edition, 2006
- 2. Introduction to Switching Theory and Logic Design Fredriac J. Hill, Gerald R. Peterson, 3rd Ed John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 3. Fundamentals of Logic Design- Charles H. Roth, Cengage Learning, 5th, Edition, 2004.
- 4. Switching Theory and Logic Design A Anand Kumar, PHI, 2013

# **DATA STRUCTURES LAB**

#### II-B.Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2IO307PC

L T P C - - 3 1.5

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### The course should enable the students to:

- 1. Ability to identify the appropriate data structure for given problem.
- 2. Design and analyze the time and space complexity of algorithm or program.
- 3. Effectively use compilers include library functions, debuggers and troubleshooting.
- 4. Write and execute programs using data structures such as arrays, linked lists to implement stacks, queues.
- 5. Write and execute programs in C to implement various sorting and searching.
- 6. Write and execute programs using data structures such as arrays, linked lists to implement trees, graphs, hash tables and search trees.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### The course should enable the students to:

- 1. Use appropriate data structure for given problem.
- 2. To analyze the time and space complexity of algorithm or program.
- 3. Use compilers include library functions, debuggers and troubleshooting.
- 4. Execute programs using data structures such as arrays, linked lists to implement stacks and queues.
- 5. Execute write programs in C to implement various sorting and searching.
- 6. Execute programs using data structures such as arrays, linked lists to implement trees, graphs, hash tables and search trees

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

#### WEEK-1: SINGLE LINKED LIST

1. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list.: i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal

#### WEEK-2: DOUBLE LINKED LIST

2. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on doubly linked list.: i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal

# WEEK-3: CIRCULAR LINKED LIST

3. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on circular linked list.: i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal

#### WEEK-4: STACK

4. Write a program that implement stack (its operations) using i) Arrays ii) Pointers

#### WEEK-5: QUEUE

5. Write a program that implement Queue (its operations) using i) Arrays ii) Pointers

### WEEK-6: SORTING

6. Write a program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order

i)Quick sort ii) Heap sort iii) Merge sort

#### WEEK-7: TRAVERSAL METHODS

7. Write a program to implement the tree traversal methods( Recursive and Non Recursive).

#### WEEK-8: AVL-TREES

8. Write a program to implement

i) Binary Search tree ii) B Trees iii) B+ Trees iv) AVL trees v) Red - Black trees

### WEEK-9: GRAPH TRAVERSAL ALGORITHMS

8. Write a program to implement the graph traversal methods.

# WEEK-10: PATTERN MATCHING ALGORITHM

10. Implement a Pattern matching algorithms using Boyer- Moore, Knuth-Morris-Pratt

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Edition, E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed, Universities Press.
- 2. Data Structures using C A. S. Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M. J. Augenstein, PHI/Pearson Education.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2nd Edition, R. F. Gilberg and B. A. Forouzan, Cengage Learning

# **OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB**

II-B.Tech (I-Semester)
Course Code: A2IO308PC



#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To provide an understanding of the design aspects of operating system concepts through simulation
- 2. Introduce basic Unix commands, system call interface for process management, inter process communication and I/O in Unix

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Simulate and implement operating system concepts such as scheduling, deadlock management, file management and memory management.
- 2. Able to implement C programs using Unix system calls

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Write C programs to simulate the following CPU Scheduling algorithms a) FCFS b) SJF c) Round Robin d) priority
- 2. Write programs using the I/O system calls of UNIX/LINUX operating system (open, read, write, close, fcntl, seek, stat, opendir, readdir)
- 3. Write a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for Deadlock Avoidance and Prevention.
- 4. Write a C program to implement the Producer Consumer problem using semaphores using UNIX/LINUX system calls.
- 5. Write C programs to illustrate the following IPC mechanisms a) Pipes b) FIFOs c) Message Queues d) Shared Memory
- 6. Write C programs to simulate the following memory management techniquesa) Paging b) Segmentation
- 7. Write C programs to simulate Page replacement policies a) FCFS b) LRU c) Optimal

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7th Edition, John Wiley
- 2. Advanced programming in the UNIX environment, W.R.Stevens, *Pearson* education.

- 2. Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles, William Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI
- 3. Operating System A Design Approach-Crowley, TMH.
- 4. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson/PHI
- 5. UNIX Programming Environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI/Pearson Education
- 6. UNIX Internals: The New Frontiers, U. Vahalia, Pearson Education

# SKILL DEVELOPMENT COURSE (DATA VISUALIZATION - R PROGRAMMING/ POWER BI)

II-B.Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2IO309PC



#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. Effective use of Business Intelligence (BI) technology (Tableau) to apply data visualization
- 2. To discern patterns and relationships in the data.
- 3. To build Dashboard applications.
- 4. To communicate the results clearly and concisely.
- 5. To be able to work with different formats of data sets.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Understand How to import data into Tableau.
- 2. Understand Tableau concepts of Dimensions and Measures.
- 3. Develop Programs and understand how to map Visual Layouts and Graphical Properties.
- 4. Create a Dashboard that links multiple visualizations.
- 5. Use graphical user interfaces to create Frames for providing solutions to real world problems.

#### Lab Problems:

- 1. 1.Understanding Data, What is data, where to find data, Foundations for building Data Visualizations, Creating Your First visualization?
- 2. Getting started with Tableau Software using Data file formats, connecting your Data to Tableau, creating basic charts(line, bar charts, Tree maps),Using the Show me panel.
- 3. Tableau Calculations, Overview of SUM, AVR, and Aggregate features, Creating custom calculations and fields.
- 4. Applying new data calculations to your visualizations, Formatting Visualizations, Formatting Tools and Menus, Formatting specific parts of the view.
- 5. Editing and Formatting Axes, Manipulating Data in Tableau data, Pivoting Tableau data.
- 6. Structuring your data, Sorting and filtering Tableau data, Pivoting Tableau data.
- 7. Advanced Visualization Tools: Using Filters, Using the Detail panel, using the Size panels, customizing filters, Using and Customizing tooltips, Formatting your data with colors.
- 8. Creating Dashboards & Storytelling, creating your first dashboard and Story, Design for different displays, adding interactivity to your Dashboard, Distributing & Publishing your Visualization.
- 9. Tableau file types, publishing to Tableau Online, Sharing your visualizations, printing, and Exporting.
- 10. Creating custom charts, cyclical data and circular area charts, Dual Axis charts

- 1. Microsoft Power BI cookbook, Brett Powell, 2nd edition.
- 2. R Programming for Data Science by Roger D. Peng (References)
- 3. The Art of R Programming by Norman Matloff Cengage Learning India.

# **ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES**

#### II-B.Tech (I-Semester) Course Code: A2IO303MC

L T P C 2 - - -

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. Understanding the importance of ecological balance for sustainable development.
- 2. Acquire the knowledge of importance of natural resources & apply conservation techniques.
- 3. Analyzing the importance of Biodiversity.
- 4. Estimate the impacts of Environmental pollution, developmental activities and mitigation measures.
- 5. Evaluation of the environmental policies and regulations.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Based on this course, the Engineering graduate will understand /evaluate / develop technologies on the basis of ecological principles.
- 2. Able to apply the conservation methods of natural resources.
- 3. Able to analyze the conservation techniques of biodiversity.
- 4. Able to apply pollution control methods.
- 5. Able **to** understand and apply environmental regulations which in turn helps in sustainable development.

#### UNIT-I: ECOSYSTEMS

Definition, Scope, and Importance of ecosystem. Classification, structure, and function of an ecosystem, Food chains, food webs, and ecological pyramids. Flow of energy, Biogeochemical cycles, Bioaccumulation, Biomagnification.

#### UNIT-II: NATURAL RESOURCES: CLASSIFICATION OF RESOURCES

Living and Non-Living resources, Water resources: use and over utilization of surface and ground water, floods and droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. Mineral resources: use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, Energy resources: growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy source, case studies.

#### UNIT-III: BIODIVERSITY AND BIOTIC RESOURCES

Introduction, Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and optional values. Hot spots of biodiversity. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts. Conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation. National Biodiversity act.

# UNIT-IV ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND CONTROL TECHNOLOGIES

Environmental Pollution: Classification of pollution, Air Pollution: Primary and secondary pollutants, Automobile and Industrial pollution, Ambient air quality standards. Soil Pollution: Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil. Noise Pollution: Sources and Health hazards, standards, Solid waste: Municipal Solid Waste management, composition and characteristics of e-Waste and its management. Pollution control technologies: Wastewater Treatment methods: Primary, secondary and Tertiary. Concepts of bioremediation.

Global Environmental Issues and Global Efforts: Climate change and impacts on human environment. Ozone depletion andOzone depleting substances (ODS).Deforestation and desertification. International conventions /Protocols: Earth summit, Kyoto protocol, and Montréal Protocol.

# UNIT-V ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY, LEGISLATION & EIA

Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air Act- 1981, Water Act, Forest Act, Wild life Act, Municipal solid waste management and handling rules, biomedical waste management and handling rules, hazardous waste management and handling rules. Overview on Impacts of air, water, biological and Socio-economical aspects.Strategies for risk assessment, Concepts of Environmental Management Plan (EMP). Towards Sustainable Future: Concept of Sustainable Development Goals, Population and its explosion, Crazy Consumerism, Environmental Education, Urban Sprawl, Human health, Environmental Ethics, Concept of Green Building,

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission.
- 2. Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

- 1. Environmental Science: towards a sustainable future by Richard T. Wright. 2008 PHL Learning Private Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2. Environmental Engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela. 2008 PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Environmental Science by Daniel B. Botkin & Edward A. Keller, Wiley INDIA edition.
- 4. Environmental Studies by Anubha Kaushik, 4th Edition, New age international publishers.
- 5. Text book of Environmental Science and Technology Dr. M. Anji Reddy 2007, BS Publications.
- 6. Introduction to Environmental Science by Y. Anjaneyulu, BS. Publications.

# II-YEAR (II-SEMESTER)

# **COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE**

II-B.Tech (II-Semester)
Course Code: A2IO401PC

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#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. The purpose of the course is to introduce principles of computer organization and the basic architectural concepts.
- 2. It begins with basic organization, design, and programming of a simple digital computer and
- 3. Introduces simple register transfer language to specify various computer operations.
- 4. Topics include computer arithmetic, instruction set design, micro programmed control unit, pipelining and vector processing, memory organization and I/O systems, and multiprocessors

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course students will be able to:

- 1. Identify various components of computer and their interconnection
- 2. Identify basic components and design of the CPU: the ALU and control unit.
- 3. Compare and select various Memory devices as per requirement.
- 4. Compare various types of IO mapping techniques
- 5. Critique the performance issues of cache memory and virtual memory

#### **UNIT-I:**

**Structure of Computers: Structure of Computers**: Computer types, Functional units, Basic operational concepts, Von Neumann Architecture, Bus Structures, Software, Performance, Multiprocessors and Multicomputer, Data representation, Fixed and Floating point. COMPUTER ARITHMETIC: Addition and Subtraction, Multiplication and Division algorithms, Floating-point Arithmetic Operations, Decimal arithmetic operations

#### UNIT-II:

**Basic Computer Organization and Design: Basic Computer Organization and Design:** Instruction codes, Computer Registers, Computer Instructions and Instruction cycle. Timing and Control, Memory-Reference Instructions, Input-Output and interrupt. Central processing unit: Stack organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing Modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Complex Instruction Set Computer (CISC) Reduced Instruction Set Computer (RISC), CISC vs RISC.

#### **UNIT-III:**

**Register Transfer and Micro-Operations: Register Transfer and Micro-Operations:** Register Transfer Language, Register Transfer, Bus and Memory Transfers, Arithmetic Micro-Operations, Logic Micro-Operations, Shift Micro-Operations, Arithmetic logic shift unit.

Micro-Programmed Control: Control Memory, Address Sequencing, Micro-Program, Design of Control Unit.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Memory System:** MEMORY SYSTEM: Memory Hierarchy, Semiconductor Memories, RAM(Random Access Memory), Read Only Memory (ROM), Types of ROM, Cache Memory, Virtual memory, Secondary Storage, RAID.

#### UNIT-V:

**Memory System:** INPUT OUTPUT: I/O interface, Programmed IO, Memory Mapped IO, Interrupt Driven IO, DMA. MULTIPROCESSORS: Characteristics of multiprocessors, Interconnection structures, Inter Processor Arbitration, Inter processor Communication and Synchronization, Cache Coherence

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. M. Morris Mano (2006), Computer System Architecture, 3rd edition, Pearson/PHI, India.
- 2. John P. Hayes (1998), Computer Architecture and Organization, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill.

- 1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonks Vranesic, SafeaZaky (2002), Computer Organization, 5th edition, McGraw Hill, New Delhi, India.
- 2. William Stallings (2010), Computer Organization and Architecture- designing for performance, 8th edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersy.
- 3. Anrew S. Tanenbaum (2006), Structured Computer Organization, 5th edition, Pearson Education Inc,

# SENSORS AND DEVICES

#### II-B.Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2IO402PC

# L T P C 2 - - 2

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To introduce the terminology, technology and its applications
- 2. To introduce the concept of M2M (machine to machine) with necessary protocols
- 3. To introduce the Python Scripting Language which is used in many IoT devices
- 4. To introduce the Raspberry PI platform, that is widely used in IoT applications
- 5. To introduce the implementation of web-based services on IoT devices

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Understanding of IoT value chain structure (device, data cloud), application areas and technologies involved.
- 2. Understand IoT sensors and technological challenges faced by IoT devices, with a focus on wireless, energy, power, and sensing modules
- 3. Market forecast for IoT devices with a focus on sensors
- 4. Explore and learn about Internet of Things with the help of preparing projects designed for Raspberry Pi

#### **UNIT-I**

Introduction to Internet of Things- Definition and Characteristics of IoT, Sensors, Actuators, Physical Design of IoT – IoT Protocols, IoT communication models, IoT Communication APIs, IoT enabled Technologies – Wireless Sensor Networks, Cloud Computing, Embedded Systems, IoT Levels and Templates, Domain Specific IoTs – Home, City, Environment, Energy, Agriculture and Industry.

#### UNIT-II

IoT and M2M- Software defined networks, network function virtualization, difference between SDN and NFV for IoT, Basics of IoT System Management with NETCOZF, YANG- NETCONF, YANG, SNMP NETOPEER

#### **UNIT-III**

IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints- Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi- Installation, Interfaces (serial, SPI, I2C), Programming – Python program with Raspberry PI with focus on interfacing external gadgets, controlling output, reading input from pins.

#### UNIT-IV

Controlling Hardware- Connecting LED, Buzzer, Switching High Power devices with transistors, Controlling AC Power devices with Relays, Controlling servo motor, speed control of DC Motor, unipolar and bipolar Stepper motors Sensors- Light sensor, temperature sensor with thermistor, voltage sensor, ADC and DAC, Temperature and Humidity Sensor DHT11, Motion Detection Sensors, Wireless Bluetooth Sensors, Level Sensors, USB Sensors, Embedded Sensors, Distance Measurement with ultrasound sensor.

#### UNIT-V

IoT Physical Servers and Cloud Offerings– Introduction to Cloud Storage models and communication APIs Webserver – Web server for IoT, Cloud for IoT, Python web application framework Designing a RESTful web API.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Internet of Things A Hands-on Approach, Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti Universities Press, 2015, ISBN: 9788173719547
- Getting Started with Raspberry Pi, Matt Richardson & Shawn Wallace, O'Reilly (SPD), 2014, ISBN: 9789350239759
- 3. Raspberry Pi Cookbook, Software and Hardware Problems and solutions, Simon Monk, O'Reilly (SPD), 2016, ISBN 7989352133895

- 1. Peter Waher, 'Learning Internet of Things', Packt Publishing, 2015 3. Editors Ovidiu Vermesan
- Peter Friess, Internet of Things From Research and Innovation to Market Deployment', River Publishers, 2014
- 3. N. Ida, Sensors, Actuators and Their Interfaces, SciTech Publishers, 2014.

# **COMPUTER NETWORKS**

# II-B.Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2IO403PC

L T P C 3 - - 3

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

Student will be able

- 1. To introduce the fundamental s of various types of computer networks
- 2. To demonstrate the TCP/IP and OSI models with merits and demerits
- 3. To explore the various layers of OSI model
- 4. To introduce UDP and TCP models

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the student is able to

- 1. Identify computer networks and its components.
- 2. Identify the different types of network topologies and protocols.
- 3. Enumerate the layers of the OSI model and TCP/IP. Explain the function(s) of each layer.
- 4. Select and use various sub netting and routing mechanisms.
- 5. Design a network diagram for a given scenario.

# UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION

**Introduction:** Network applications, network hardware, network software, reference models: OSI, TCP/IP, Internet, Connection oriented network - X.25, frame relay.

**The Physical Layer:** Theoretical basis for communication, guided transmission media, wireless transmission, the public switched telephone networks, mobile telephone system.

# UNIT-II: THE DATA LINK LAYER

The Data Link Layer: Design issues, error detection and correction, elementary data link protocols, sliding window protocols.

**The Medium Access Sublayer:** Channel allocations problem, multiple access protocols, Ethernet, Data Link Layer switching, Wireless LAN, Broadband Wireless, Bluetooth

# UNIT-III: THE NETWORK LAYER

**The Network Layer:** Network layer design issues, routing algorithms, Congestion control algorithms, Internetworking, the network layer in the internet (IPv4 and IPv6), Quality of Service.

# UNIT-IV: THE TRANSPORT LAYER

**The Transport Layer:** Transport service, elements of transport protocol, Simple Transport Protocol, Internet transport layer protocols: UDP and TCP.

# UNIT-V: THE APPLICATION LAYER

The Application Layer: Domain name system, electronic mail, World Wide Web: architectural overview, dynamic web document and http.

Application Layer Protocols: Simple Network Management Protocol, File Transfer Protocol, Simple Mail Transfer Protocol, Telnet.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Computer networks-Andrew S Tanenbaum, 4th edition, Pearson Education Data Communication and Networking-Behrouz. A. Forouzan , fifth edition, TMH, 2013.

- 1. Behrouz A. Forouzan (2006), Data communication and Networking, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Mc Graw-Hill, India.
- 2. Kurose, Ross (2010), Computer Networking: A top down approach, Pearson Education, India.

# **COMPUTER ORIENTED STATISTICAL METHODS**

II-B.Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2IO404BS L T P C 3 1 - 4

**PRE-REQUISITES:** Mathematics courses of first year of study.

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To learn the basic ideas of probability and random variables.
- 2. Discuss various discrete probability distributions and their properties.
- 3. Discuss various continuous probability distributions and their properties.
- 4. Explain the concept of Test of significance.
- 5. Understand the concept of stochastic process and Markov chains.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- 1. Understand the concept of probability and random variables.
- 2. Explain the concept of discrete probability distributions.
- 3. Explain the concept of continuous probability distributions.
- 4. Analyze the Testing of hypothesis.
- 5. Apply the Marcov chain and stochastic process.

#### UNIT - I: PROBABILITY

Sample Space, Events, Counting Sample Points, Probability of an Event, Additive Rules, ConditionalProbability, Independence, and the Product Rule, Baye's Rule,

**Random Variables and Probability Distributions:** Concept of a Random Variable, Discrete Probability Distributions, Continuous Probability Distributions.

#### UNIT – II: EXPECTATION AND DISCRETE DISTRIBUTIONS

Mean of a Random Variable, Variance and Covariance of Random Variables, Means and Variances of Linear Combinations of Random Variables, Chebyshev's Theorem.

Discrete Probability Distributions: Binomial Distribution, Poisson distribution.

#### UNIT - III: CONTINUOUS AND SAMPLING DISTRIBUTIONS

Uniform Distribution, Normal Distribution, Areas under the Normal Curve, Applications of the Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the Binomial Distributions.

**Fundamental Sampling Distributions:** Random Sampling, Some Important Statistics, Sampling Distributions, Sampling Distribution of Means and the Central Limit Theorem, t - Distribution, F- Distribution.

#### **UNIT – IV TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS**

Test of significance: Basic of testing of Hypothesis. Null and alternate Hypothesis, Types of errors, Level of significance, Critical region.

Large sample test for Single proportion, Difference of proportions, Single mean, Difference of means; Small sample tests: Test for single mean, Difference of means and test for ratio of variances.

#### UNIT – V STOCHASTIC PROCESSES AND MARKOV CHAINS:

Introduction to Stochastic processes- Markov process. Transition Probability, Transition Probability Matrix, First order and Higher order Markov process, n- step transition probabilities, Markov chain, Steady state condition, Markov analysis.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Ronald E. Walpole, Raymond H. Myers, Sharon L. Myers, keying Ye, Probability and statistics for engineers and scientists, 9th Edition, Pearson Publications
- 2. Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Khanna Publications, S C Guptha and V.K. Kapoor.
- 3. S.D. Sharma, Operations research Kedarnath and ramnath publishers .Meerut Delhi.

- 1 Miller and Freund's, Probability and Statistics for Engineers, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Educations
- 2. Shedon M. Ross, A First Course in Probability, 6th Ed., Pearson Education India, 2002.
- 3. Probability and Statistics for engineers and scientists by Jay.I.Devore.

# **OOPS THROUGH JAVA**

II-B.Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2IO405PC

# L T P C 3 - - 3

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

To understand the basic object-oriented programming concepts and apply them in problem solving.

- 1. To illustrate inheritance concepts for reusing the program.
- 2. To Demonstrate multitasking by using multiple threads and event handling
- 2 To Develop data-centric applications using JDBC.
- 3. To Understand the basics of java console and GUI based programming

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Demonstrate the behavior of programs involving the basic programming constructs like control structures, constructors, string handling and garbage collection.
- 2. Demonstrate the implementation of inheritance (multilevel, hierarchical and multiple) by using extend and implement keywords
- 3. Use multithreading concepts to develop inter process communication.
- 4. Understand the process of graphical user interface design and implementation using AWT or swings.
- 5. Develop applets that interact abundantly with the client environment and deploy on the server.Use Eclipse or Net bean platform and acquaint yourself with the various menus. Create a test project, add a test class, and run it. See how you can use auto suggestions, auto fill. Try code formatter and code refactoring like renaming variables, methods, and classes. Try debug step by step with a small program of about 10 to 15 lines which contains at least one if else condition and a for loop.

#### UNIT - I

Object oriented thinking and Java Basics- Need for oop paradigm, summary of oop concepts, coping with complexity, abstraction mechanisms. A way of viewing world – Agents, responsibility, messages, methods, History of Java, Java buzzwords, data types, variables, scope and lifetime of variables, arrays, operators, expressions, control statements, type conversion and casting, simple java program, concepts of classes, objects, constructors, methods, access control, this keyword, garbage collection, overloading methods and constructors, method binding, inheritance, overriding and exceptions, parameter passing, recursion, nested and inner classes, exploring string class.

#### UNIT - II:

Inheritance, Packages and Interfaces – Hierarchical abstractions, Base class object, subclass, subtype, substitutability, forms of inheritance specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation, combination, benefits of inheritance, costs of inheritance. Member access rules, super uses, using final with inheritance, polymorphism- method overriding, abstract classes, the Object class. Defining, Creating and Accessing a Package, Understanding CLASSPATH, importing packages, differences between classes and interfaces, defining an interface, implementing interface, applying interfaces, variables in interface and extending interfaces. Exploring java.io.

#### UNIT - III:

Exception handling and Multithreading-- Concepts of exception handling, benefits of exception handling, Termination or resumptive models, exception hierarchy, usage of try, catch, throw, throws and finally, built in exceptions, creating own exception subclasses. String handling, Exploring java.util. Differences between multithreading and multitasking, thread life cycle, creating threads, thread priorities, synchronizing threads, inter thread communication, thread groups, daemon threads. Enumerations, autoboxing, annotations, generics.

#### UNIT - IV:

Event Handling: Events, Event sources, Event classes, Event Listeners, Delegation event model, handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes. The AWT class hierarchy, user interface components- labels, button, canvas, scrollbars, text components, check box, checkbox groups, choices, Event Handling: Events, Event sources, Event classes, Event Listeners, Delegation event model, handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes. The AWT class hierarchy, user interface components, check box, checkbox groups, choices, event classes, even

#### UNIT - V:

Applets – Concepts of Applets, differences between applets and applications, life cycle of an applet, types of applets, creating applets, passing parameters to applets. Swing – Introduction, limitations of AWT, MVC architecture, components, containers, exploring swing- JApplet, JFrame and JComponent, Icons and Labels, text fields, buttons – The JButton class, Check boxes, Radio buttons, Combo boxes, Tabbed Panes, Scroll Panes, Trees, and Tables

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Java the complete reference, 7th edition, Herbert schildt, TMH.
- 2. Understanding OOP with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, Pearson education.

- 1. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J.Nino and F.A. Hosch, John wiley & sons.
- 2. An Introduction to OOP, third edition, T. Budd, Pearson education.
- 3. Introduction to Java programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson education.
- 4. An introduction to Java programming and object-oriented application development, R.A. Johnson- Thomson.
- 5. Core Java 2, Vol 1, Fundamentals, Cay.S. Horstmann and Gary Cornell, eighth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 6. Core Java 2, Vol 2, Advanced Features, Cay.S. Horstmann and Gary Cornell, eighth Edition, Pearson Education
- 7. Object Oriented Programming with Java, R.Buyya, S.T.Selvi, X.Chu, TMH.
- 8. Java and Object Orientation, an introduction, John Hunt, second edition, Springer. 9. Maurach's Beginning Java2 JDK 5, SPD.

# SENSORS AND DEVICES LAB

#### II-B.Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2IO406PC

# L T P C - - 2 1

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. It covers various concepts of C programming language
- 2. It introduces searching and sorting algorithms
- 3. It provides an understanding of data structures such as stacks and queues

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Ability to develop C programs for computing and real-life applications using basic elements like control statements, arrays, functions, pointers and strings, and data structures like stacks, queues and linked lists.
- 2. Ability to Implement searching and sorting algorithms

#### **LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

WEEK 1: Connect an LED to GPIO pin 25 and control it through command line

- WEEK 2: Connect an LED to GPIO pin 24 and a Switch to GPIO 25 and control the LED with the switch.
- **WEEK 3:** The state of LED should toggle with every press of the switch Use DHT11 temperature sensor and print the temperature and humidity of the room with an interval of 15 seconds
- **WEEK 4:** Use joystick and display the direction on the screen
- **WEEK 5:** Use Light Dependent Resistor (LDR) and control an LED that should switch-on/off depending on the light.
- **WEEK 6:** Create a traffic light signal with three colored lights (Red, Orange and Green) with a duty cycle of 5-2-10 seconds.
- **WEEK 7:** Switch on and switch of a DC motor based on the position of a switch.
- **WEEK 8:** Convert an analog voltage to digital value and show it on the screen.
- **WEEK 9:** Create a door lock application using a reed switch and magnet and give a beep when the door is opened.
- **WEEK 10:** Control a 230V device (Bulb) with Raspberry Pi using a relay.

Control a 230V device using a threshold temperature, using temperature sensor

- **WEEK 11:** Create an application that has three LEDs (Red, Green and white). The LEDs should follow the cycle (All Off, Red On, Green On, White On) for each clap (use sound sensor)
- **WEEK 12:** Create a web application for the above applications wherever possible with suitable modifications to get input and to send output.

# **OOPS THROUGH JAVA LAB**

#### II-B.Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2IO407PC

# L T P C - - 2 1

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To write programs using abstract classes.

- 1. To write programs for solving real world problems using the java collection framework
- 2. To write multithreaded programs.
- 3. To write GUI programs using swing controls in Java.
- 4. To introduce java compiler and eclipse platform.
- 5. To impart hands-on experience with java programming

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Able to write programs for solving real world problems using the java collection framework.

- 1. Able to write programs using abstract classes.
- 2. Able to write multithreaded programs.
- 3. Able to write GUI programs using swing controls in Java

**Note: 1.** Use LINUX and MySQL for the Lab Experiments. Though not mandatory, encourage the use of the Eclipse platform. 2. The list suggests the minimum program set. Hence, the concerned staff is requested to add more problems to the list as needed.

# List of Experiments:

- 1. Use Eclipse or Net bean platform and acquaint yourself with the various menus. Create a test project, add a test class, and run it. See how you can use auto suggestions, auto fill. Try code formatter and code refactoring like renaming variables, methods, and classes. Try debug step by step with a small program of about 10 to 15 lines which contains at least one if else condition and a for loop.
- 2. Write a Java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange buttons for the digits and for the +, -,\*, % operations. Add a text field to display the result. Handle any possible exceptions like divided by zero.
- 3. A) Develop an applet in Java that displays a simple message. B) Develop an applet in Java that receives an integer in one text field, and computes its factorial Value and returns it in another text field, when the button named "Compute" is clicked.
- 4. Write a Java program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num 2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a Number Format Exception. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception. Display the exception in a message dialog box.
- 5. Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer every 1 second and if the value is even, the second thread computes the square of the number and prints. If the value is odd, the third thread will print the value of the cube of the number.
- 6. Write a Java program for the following: Create a doubly linked list of elements. Delete a given element from the above list. Display the contents of the list after deletion.
- 7. Write a Java program that simulates a traffic light. The program lets the user select one of three lights: red, yellow, or green with radio buttons. On selecting a button, an appropriate message with "Stop" or "Ready" or "Go" should appear above the buttons in the selected color. Initially, there is no message shown

- 8. Write a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named print Area (). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle, and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains only the method print Area () that prints the area of the given shape.
- 9. Suppose that a table named Table.txt is stored in a text file. The first line in the file is the header, and the remaining lines correspond to rows in the table. The elements are separated by commas. Write a java program to display the table using Labels in Grid Layout.
- 10. Write a Java program that handles all mouse events and shows the event name at the center of the window when a mouse event is fired (Use Adapter classes).
- 11. Write a Java program that loads names and phone numbers from a text file where the data is organized as one line per record and each field in a record are separated by a tab (\t). It takes a name or phone number as input and prints the corresponding other value from the hash table (hint: use hash tables).
- 12. Write a Java program that correctly implements the producer consumer problem using the concept of inter thread communication.
- 13. Write a Java program to list all the files in a directory including the files present in all its subdirectories

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Java for Programmers, P. J. Deitel and H. M. Deitel, 10th Edition Pearson education.
- 2. Thinking in Java, Bruce Eckel, Pearson Education.
- 3. Java Programming, D. S. Malik and P. S. Nair, Cengage Learning.
- 4. Core Java, Volume 1, 9th edition, Cay S. Horstmann and G Cornell, Pearson.

# SKILL DEVELOPMENT COURSE (NODE JS/ REACT JS/ DJANGO)

#### II-B.Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2IO408PC

# L T P C - - 2 1

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To implement the static web pages using HTML and do client side validation using JavaScript.
- 2. To design and work with databases using Java
- 3. To develop an end to end application using java full stack.
- 4. To introduce Node JS implementation for server side programming.
- 5. To experiment with single page application development using React.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Build a custom website with HTML, CSS, and Bootstrap and little JavaScript.
- 2. Demonstrate Advanced features of JavaScript and learn about JDBC
- 3. Develop Server side implementation using Java technologies like
- 4. Develop the server side implementation using Node JS.
- 5. Design a Single Page Application using React.

#### **EXERCISES:**

- 1. Build a responsive web application for shopping cart with registration, login, catalog and cart pages using CSS3 features, flex and grid.
- 2. Make the above web application responsive web application using Bootstrap framework.
- 3. Use JavaScript for doing client side validation of the pages implemented in experiment 1 and experiment 2
- 4. Explore the features of ES6 like arrow functions, callbacks, promises, async/await. Implement an application for reading the weather information from openweathermap.org and display the information in the form of a graph on the web page.
- 5. Develop a java stand alone application that connects with the database (Oracle / mySql) and perform the CRUD operation on the database tables.
- 6. Create an xml for the bookstore. Validate the same using both DTD and XSD.
- 7. Design a controller with servlet that provides the interaction with application developed in experiment 1 and the database created in experiment 5.
- 8. Maintaining the transactional history of any user is very important. Explore the various session tracking mechanism Cookies, HTTP Session)
- 9. Create a custom server using http module and explore the other modules of Node JS like OS, path, event.
- 10. Develop an express web application that can interact with REST API to perform CRUD operations on student data. (Use Postman)
- 11. For the above application create authorized end points using JWT (JSON Web Token).
- 12. Create a react application for the student management system having registration, login, contact, about pages and implement routing to navigate through these pages.
- 13. Create a service in react that fetches the weather information from openweathermap.org and the display the current and historical weather information using graphical representation using chart.js
- 14. Create a TODO application in react with necessary components and deploy it into github.

- 1. Jon Duckett, Beginning HTML, XHTML, CSS, and JavaScript, Wrox Publications, 2010
- 2. Bryan Basham, Kathy Sierra and Bert Bates, Head First Servlets and JSP, O'Reilly Media, 2nd Edition, 2008.
- 3. Vasan Subramanian, Pro MERN Stack, Full Stack Web App Development with Mongo, Express, React, and Node, 2 nd Edition, A Press.

# **GENDER SENSITIZATION**

#### II-B.Tech (II-Semester) Course Code: A2IO404MC

# L T P C - 2 -

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### The course should enable the students to learn:

- 1. To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women.
- 2. To introduce students to information about some key biological aspects of genders. To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work.
- 3. To help students reflect critically on gender violence.
- 4. To expose students to more egalitarian interactions between men and women.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- 1. Students will have developed a better understanding of important issues related to gender in contemporary India.
- 2. Students will be sensitized to basic dimensions of the biological, sociological, psychological and legal aspects of gender. This will be achieved through discussion of materials derived from research, facts, everyday life, literature and film.
- 3. Students will attain a finer grasp of how gender discrimination works in our society and how to counter it.
- 4. Students will acquire insight into the gendered division of labour and its relation to politics and economics.
- 5. Men and women students and professionals will be better equipped to work and live together as equals.
- 6. Students will develop a sense of appreciation of women in all walks of life.
- 7. Through providing accounts of studies and movements as well as the new laws that provide protection and relief to women, the textbook will empower students to understand and respond to gender violence.

#### UNIT – I UNDERSTANDING GENDER

**Gender:** Why Should We Study It? (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -1) **Socialization:** Making Women, Making Men (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -2) Introduction. Preparing for Womanhood. Growing up Male. First lessons in Caste. Different Masculinities.

#### UNIT – II GENDER AND BIOLOGY

**Missing Women:** Sex Selection and Its Consequences (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -4) Declining Sex Ratio. Demographic Consequences.

**Gender Spectrum:** Beyond the Binary (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -10) Two or Many? Struggles with Discrimination.

#### UNIT – III GENDER AND LABOUR

**Housework:** the Invisible Labour (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -3)"My Mother doesn't Work." "Share the Load."

Women's Work: Its Politics and Economics (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -7)

Fact and Fiction. Unrecognized and Unaccounted work. Additional Reading: Wages and Conditions of Work.

# UNIT – IV ISSUES OF VIOLENCE

Sexual Harassment: Say No! (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -6)

Sexual Harassment, not Eve-teasing- Coping with Everyday Harassment- Further Reading:"Chupulu".

**Domestic Violence:** Speaking Out (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -8)

Is Home a Safe Place? -When Women Unite [Film]. Rebuilding Lives. Additional Reading:New Forums for Justice.

Thinking about Sexual Violence (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -11) Blaming the Victim-"I Fought for my Life...." - Additional Reading: The Caste Face of Violence.

# UNIT – V GENDER: CO – EXISTENCE

Just Relationships: Being Together as Equals (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -12)

Mary Kom and Onler. Love and Acid just do not Mix. Love Letters. Mothers and Fathers. Additional Reading: Rosa Parks-The Brave Heart.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. "Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook onGender", A. Suneetha, Uma Bhrugubanda, Duggirala Vasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu and published by Telugu Akademi, Hyderabad, Telangana State, 2015.

- 1. Menon, Nivedita. Seeing like a Feminist. New Delhi: Zubaan-Penguin Books, 2012
- 2. Abdulali Sohaila. "I Fought For My Life...and Won." Available online at: http://www.thealternative.in/lifestyle/i-fought-for-my-lifeand-won-sohaila-abdulal/